



राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

हिमाचल प्रदेश शासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

खंड VI]		शिमला, शनिवार, 30 अगस्त, 1958/8 भाद्रपद, 1880	[संख्या 35
		विषय-सूची	
भाग 1	वैधानिक नियमों को छोड़ कर हिमाचल प्रदेश के उप-राज्यपाल और जुडिशल कमिशनरज कोर्ट द्वारा अधिसूचनाएं इत्यादि	709—723 & 729—731	
भाग 2	वैधानिक नियमों को छोड़ कर विभिन्न विभागों के अध्यक्षों और जिला मैजिस्ट्रेटों द्वारा अधिसूचनाएं इत्यादि ..	723—727	
भाग 3	वैधानिक नियम तथा हिमाचल प्रदेश के उप-राज्यपाल, जुडिशल कमिशनरज कोर्ट, फाइनेन्शल कमिशनर, कमिशनर आफ़ इन्कम-टैक्स तथा क्षेत्रीय परिषद् द्वारा अधिसूचित आदेश इत्यादि	—	
भाग 4	स्थानीय स्वायत्त शासन : म्यूनिसिपल बोर्ड, डिस्ट्रिक्ट बोर्ड, नोटिफाइड और टाउन एरिया तथा पंचायत विभाग	—	
भाग 5	वैयक्तिक अधिसूचनाएं और विज्ञापन	727	
भाग 6	भारतीय राजपत्र इत्यादि में से पुनः प्रकाशन	727—728	
भाग 7	भारतीय निर्वाचन आयोग (Election Commission of India) की वैधानिक अधिसूचनाएं तथा अन्य निर्वाचन सम्बन्धी अधिसूचनाएं	—	
—	अनुपूरक	732—733	

भाग 1—वैधानिक नियमों को छोड़ कर हिमाचल प्रदेश के उप-राज्यपाल और जुडिशल कमिशनरज कोर्ट द्वारा अधिसूचनाएं इत्यादि

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION

APPOINTMENT DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla-4, the 20th August, 1958

No. Apptt. 4-2/55 (I).—In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 21 of the Himachal Pradesh (Courts) Order, 1948, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, after consultation with the Judicial Commissioner, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to direct that the jurisdiction to be exercised in original Civil Suits as regards the value by the Tehsildar, Jubbal,

Mahasu district, shall be upto Rs. 300 (Rupees three hundred only).

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 22 of the aforesaid Order, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is further pleased to direct that the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Tehsildar, Jubbal, shall be local limits of Mahasu district.

Simla-4, the 20th August, 1958

No. Apptt. 4-2/55.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of section 2 of the East Punjab Urban Rent Restriction Act, III of 1949, as applied to Himachal Pradesh and in supersession of the Himachal Pradesh

Government Notification No. HGT. 4-2/56, dated the 28th July, 1955, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to appoint Shri Vidya Sagar Sharma, Magistrate 1st Class, Solan, District Mahasu, to perform the functions of a Controller under the said Act within Solan Tehsil of Mahasu district, with immediate effect.

Simla-4, the 20th August, 1958

No. Apptt. 4-2/55.—In exercise of the powers conferred by para 24 of the Himachal Pradesh (Courts) Order, 1948, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to confer on Shri Vidya Sagar Sharma, Sub-Judge, Solan the jurisdiction of the Judge of the Court of the Small Causes under the Provincial Small Cause Court Act, 1887 (IX of 1887) for the trial of Small Cause suits upto the value of Rs. 200 only to be exercised within the limits of Solan tehsil of Mahasu district with immediate effect.

Simla-4, the 20th August, 1958

No. Apptt. 1-692/57.—The Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to transfer Shri Gita Ram, Magistrate 1st Class-cum-Revenue Assistant, Mandi to Bilaspur against the post of an EAC (Executive) created recently vide this Administration letter No. Apptt. 3-83/58, dated the 11th July, 1958, and posted as Officer-in-Charge Resettlement and Rehabilitation work of Bilaspur oustees, in the interest of public service.

2. Shri Gita Ram will be relieved of his duties immediately and proceed to Bilaspur soon after.

Simla-4, the 23rd August, 1958

No. Apptt. 1-743/57.—The Union Public Service Commission have accorded *ex-post-facto* concurrence to the officiating appointment of Shri Prem Raj Mahajan as Director of Public Relations and Tourism, Himachal Pradesh Administration, for the period he held that post viz. from the 25th January, 1954 (F.N.) to the 23rd April, 1958 (A.N.).

Simla-4, the 23rd August, 1958

No. Apptt. 3-78/58.—The officiating appointment of Shri H. K. Mittoo, substantive Editor, Directorate of Public Relations and Tourism, Himachal Pradesh, as Director of Public Relations and Tourism, Himachal Pradesh, ordered vide Notification No. Apptt. 3-78/58, dated the 19th April, 1958, has been concurred in by the Union Public Service Commission.

2. Shri Mittoo will be on probation for a period of one year with effect from the date he took over the charge of the post viz. the 24th April, 1958 (F.N.).

Simla-4, the 25th August, 1958

No. Apptt. 3-120/58.—Shri Lakshman Dass, Under Secretary (Judicial) to Himachal Pradesh Administration, was granted earned leave for 44 days with effect from the 16th July, 1958 (F.N.) vide Notification of even number, dated the 23rd July, 1958. Of this leave he availed of only 32 days with effect from the 16th July, 1958 (F.N.) to the 16th August, 1958, and resumed his duties on the 18th August, 1958 (F.N.). (17th August, 1958, being Sunday). The remaining portion of the leave viz. 12 days is, accordingly, cancelled.

2. The arrangements made for the disposal of work during Shri Lakshman Dass's absence vide Notification of even number, dated the 14th August, 1958, terminated on the 18th August, 1958 (F.N.).

K. N. CHANNA, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary.

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla-4, the 25th August, 1958

No. Agr. 2-1178/57.—In partial modification of this Administration Notification of even number, dated the

2nd January, 1958, Shri S. R. Upadhaya, District Agricultural Officer, Sirmur, Himachal Pradesh, is placed under suspension with effect from 11-1-1958, afternoon.

By order,
RAJ KUMAR, I.A.S.,
Secretary.

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla-4, the 25th August, 1958

No. Vety. 1-52/52.—Whereas the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh is satisfied that there is a possibility of imparting infection to the uninoculated live stock from the animals being inoculated against Rinderpest as prophylactic measure in District Bilaspur, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh is in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 23(3) & 38(J) of the East Punjab, Animal Contagious Diseases Act, 1948, as applied to Himachal Pradesh is pleased to declare Bilaspur district as Rinderpest affected area and to regulate the isolation detention, treatment (including sterilization and inoculation) and disposal of animals which are infective, or suspected of being infective etc.

Simla-4, the 25th August, 1958

No. Vety. 1-52/52.—Whereas it is necessary to carry out the mass vaccination of cattle and buffaloes and their compulsory marking by branding tattooing or any other suitable method as far as possible under the pilot scheme for the eradication of Rinderpest in Himachal Pradesh and therefore in supersession of this Administration Notification of even number dated the 25th October, 1957 and in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 6, of the East Punjab Animal Contagious Disease Act, 1948 as applied to Himachal Pradesh, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to appoint the Assistant Animal Husbandry Officers, Mahasu, Sirmur, Chamba, Mandi and Bilaspur districts and Rinderpest Officer, Himachal Pradesh and Officer-in-Charge, Veterinary Department, Territorial Council, Himachal Pradesh for the entire Himachal Pradesh as Inspectors for the purpose of the said Act.

By order,
RAJ KUMAR, I.A.S.,
Secretary.

CO-OPERATIVE DEPARTMENT

CORRIGENDUM

Simla-4, the 20th August, 1958

No. Coop. 5-136/58.—Please substitute '28th February, 1959' for '28th February, 1958' appearing in the fifth line of Notification of even number, dated the 11th April, 1958.

By order,
H. S. NEGI,
Under Secretary.

NOTIFICATION

Simla-4, the 25th August, 1958

No. CS. 92-252/56.—Shri M. R. Chauhan, Deputy Registrar (Development) Co-operative Societies, Himachal Pradesh is granted 11 days earned leave with effect from 4-8-1958 to 14-8-1958, subject to verification of title.

By order,
P. C. SAXENA, I.A.S.,
Secretary.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla-4, the 23rd August, 1958

No. E. 32-206/57-Vol. II.—On his appointment as Headmaster, Basic Training School, Solan,

Shri Hari Singh Panwar took over charge of his duties relieving Shri H. C. Arora with effect from 11th July, 1958, afternoon.

H. S. NEGI,
Under Secretary.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla-4, the 22nd August, 1958

No. Fin. (Bud)-11-79/57.—The following Notification No. 12-Exam (14)/58, dated nil, issued by the Secretary, Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, is hereby published in the Himachal Pradesh Rajpatra for information and wide publicity:—

In pursuance of Regulation 23 of the Chartered Accountants Regulations, 1949, the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, is pleased to direct that the Preliminary Examination under the said Regulations shall be held on the 14th, 15th, 17th, 18th and 19th November, 1958, the Intermediate Examination on the 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, and 22nd November, 1958, and the Final Examination on the 14th, 15th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd November, 1958. The Examinations will be held at the following centres, provided that sufficient number of candidates present themselves for the examinations at each of the centres:—

- (1) Ahmedabad, (2) Allahabad, (3) Bangalore, (4) Bombay, (5) Calcutta, (6) Delhi, (7) Ernakulam, (8) Hyderabad, (9) Poona and (10) Madras.

Applications for admission to these examinations are required to be made on the prescribed forms, copies of which may be obtained from the Secretary to the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, Post Box No. 268, Mathura Road, New Delhi-1. Each such application together with the necessary certificates and a Demand Draft payable at New Delhi and drawn in favour of the Secretary referred to above, for the examination fee of Rs. 25 in the case of the Preliminary Examination, Rs. 50 in the case of the Intermediate Examination and Rs. 75 for admission to both the groups or Rs. 50 for admission to one group only of the Final Examination, must be sent so as to reach the Secretary to the Council no later than the 15th September, 1958.

P. N. VASESI,
Under Secretary.

INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla-4, the 20th August, 1958

No. I&S. 15 (M&M)-12/58.—It is hereby certified that the Certificate of Approval granted to Shri Damodar Prasad Musahib, 5-C, Muktaram Babu Street, Calcutta-7, under Himachal Pradesh Government Notification No. I&S-88-14/54, dated the 1st May, 1954, has further been renewed with effect from 1st January, 1958.

2. The renewed certificate of approval will remain in force until the midnight of 31st December, 1958.

By order,
RAJ KUMAR, I.A.S.,
Secretary.

Simla-4, the 25th August, 1958

No. I&S. 15 (Est) 659/57.—The Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to confirm Shri Gobind Sahai as Marketing Officer, Industries Department, in the scale of Rs. 250-25-275-25-300/30-510-30-600/40-800/50-850, with effect from the 1st July, 1958.

RAJ KUMAR, I.A.S.,
Secretary.

Simla-4, the 29th August, 1958

No. I&S. 4-8/54.—The following draft of certain rules which the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923), propose to make, is hereby published as required by section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after three months from the date of publication of this Notification.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified above will be duly considered.

RULES

I. PRELIMINARY

1. Definitions.—In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "The Act" means the Indian Boilers Act, 1923;
- (b) "Section" means a section of the Act;
- (c) "Regulation" means a regulation framed by the Board under section 28 of the Act;
- (d) "The Director of Industries" means the officer appointed by the State Government in this behalf.

2. Payment of fees.—All fees payable under the Act shall be deposited by the payer in a Government Treasury or the State Bank of India. Applications, under sections 7 and 8 of the Act to which the Treasury or Bank receipt for payment is affixed, shall be deemed to be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

II. DUTIES OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

3. Control by the Director of Industries.—The Chief Inspector shall work under the administrative control of the Director of Industries, and shall submit to him:—

- (a) an annual report on the administration of the Act;
- (b) such other reports and return as may be called for. Exceptional cases, which are not covered by the regulations or rules, should be reported to the Director of Industries.

4. Duty of general control.—The Chief Inspector is vested with all the powers of an Inspector under the Act. In areas for which Inspectors have been appointed by the State Government under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Act, his main duty consists in supervising and controlling the work of such Inspectors, and he should actually inspect or examine boilers only in exceptional cases, or where he considers that the work of an Inspector requires personal check. In other areas he will perform in addition to his own duties, the duties of an Inspector under the Act.

5. Specific duties.—The Chief Inspector shall—

- (a) personally check the registration and measurements of newly registered boilers, for the initial working pressure on the basis of Part I of the regulations and enter under his own signature all orders required by section 7;
- (b) enter under his own signature any subsequent entries required in the registration book;
- (c) in the case of any boiler, the transfer of which has been reported under clause (b) of section 6, obtain from the State in which it was originally registered the registration book of such boiler;
- (d) receive application for registration or inspection under section 7 or 8, proposals for repairs, alterations or renewals under section 12, and reports of accidents under section 18;
- (e) prepare the programme of all Inspectors subordinate to him with due regard to the convenience of owners generally;

N.B.—Inspection of boilers in seasonal factories should in all cases be fixed during the off season.

- (f) examine and countersign the Inspectors' Memorandum of inspection book of each boiler after each inspection;
- (g) examine and pass orders on the diaries and returns of Inspectors;
- (h) pass orders in all cases in which an Inspector proposes to increase or reduce the pressure allowed for any boiler under section 8 or to revoke, cancel or refuse to renew the certificate of a boiler under section 11 or to order important repairs, structural alterations or renewals in a boiler under section 12;
- (i) pass orders in all cases in which it is reported that after due notice the boiler has not been properly prepared for inspection;
- (j) decide all appeals against the orders of an Inspector under section 19;
- (k) sanction prosecutions under the Act; and
- (l) enquire into serious accidents to boilers.

6. **Instructions to owners.**—It shall be the duty of the Chief Inspector to advise owners as regards the maintenance, working and cleaning of holders and to issue a set of instructions on the lines indicated in Appendix A. The instructions should be conspicuously displayed in each boiler house.

7. **Registers to be kept.**—The Chief Inspector shall keep in his office—

- (a) a register in Form A of all boilers registered in the State or the registration book and memorandum of inspection book of which have been transferred from another State;
- (b) the registration book and memorandum of inspection book of all boilers borne on his register;
- (c) a register of appeals;
- (d) a register of accidents;
- (e) a register of registration and inspection fees received.

8. **Control of bills.**—The Chief Inspector shall be controlling or countersigning authority in respect of all contingent bills and of travelling allowance bills of officers sub-ordinate to him.

III. DUTIES OF INSPECTORS

9. **Sub-ordinates to Chief Inspector.**—Inspectors shall be directly sub-ordinate to and under the control of the Chief Inspector.

10. **General duties of Inspectors.**—The main duties of the Inspector as laid down in the Act are the inspection and examination of boiler and steam pipes. Inspections shall be carried out in accordance with Part II of the regulations and Parts IV and V of these rules which must be very closely observed.

11. **Search for unregistered boilers.**—In addition to the inspection and examination of boilers it is the duty of inspectors to search for unregistered or uncertificated boilers at or near the places they visit, and to see that certificated boilers are worked in accordance with the terms of their certificates.

12. **Advice to be given to owners.**—At the time of inspection Inspectors should advise the owner and the person in charge of the boiler on the management and upkeep of boiler with special reference to the amount of cleaning required in view of the quality of water used and should also impress upon them the usefulness of the instructions issued by the Chief Inspector.

13. **Specific duties.**—Inspectors shall—

- (a) maintain a memorandum of inspection book for each boiler they inspect and submit it to the Chief Inspector for examination and countersignature after each inspection;
- (b) keep a diary showing places visited, boilers registered or inspected, with fees paid thereon, variations from the programme and any other important particulars. This diary should be sent to the Chief Inspector every week for examination;

- (c) enquire into accidents to boilers or steam pipes and submit reports thereon to the Chief Inspector;
- (d) report to the Chief Inspector cases of previously unreported accidents discovered at the time of inspection;
- (e) submit for the orders of the Chief Inspector—
 - (i) The memorandum of inspection book of all boilers proposed for registration under section 7
 - (ii) Proposals for increasing or decreasing the pressure of a boiler after inspection under section 8.
 - (iii) Proposals for necessary repairs, structural alterations or renewals to a boiler under section 8 or 12
 - (iv) Proposals for revoking, cancelling or refusing to certificate under section 8 or 11.
 - (v) Reports when boilers have not been properly prepared for inspection under section 14.
 - (vi) Proposal for prosecutions under the Act.

14. **Inspections at special times.**—(a) No examination of a boiler shall be made by an Inspector for the purpose of registering or issuing a certificate for a boiler on a Sunday, a Gazetted holiday or between the hours of sunset and sunrise without the specific orders of the Chief Inspector in each case. In such cases a double fee may be charged half of which may be paid to the Inspector.

(b) If an owner does not apply for the renewal of his certificate under sections 8 and 10 until after the expiry of the specified period, he shall state his reasons for the delay, and the inspector shall thereafter fix a convenient date for the inspection of the boiler. If the Chief Inspector is not satisfied with the reasons given for the delay in putting in the application he may direct that a double fee shall be charged for such inspection.

(c) (i) In addition to the ordinary inspection fee leviable under the rules, the Chief Inspector of boilers may direct that an owner of a boiler shall pay the travelling expenses of an Inspector, equivalent to the travelling allowance admissible under the rules, in cases where the boiler of such owner is not ready for inspection on the date specified for inspection, for every additional visit made for the completion of the inspection.

(ii) The Inspector's travelling allowance may also be charged for the inspection of a boiler in isolated areas in addition to the fee prescribed under the rules.

15. **Attendance during hearing of appeals.**—If the Chief Inspector so directs, Inspectors shall attend before the Chief Inspector or the appellate authority, as the case may be, during the hearing of appeals with regard to boilers which they have inspected.

IV. INSTRUCTIONS FOR REGISTRATION

16. **Importance of registration.**—Technical regulations for the registration of boilers and the scale of fees for registration are prescribed in Part II of the regulations. The details of measurement recorded at the time of registration constitute a permanent record for the boilers and determine the original pressure at which the boiler is allowed to work. It is accordingly essential that the work should be done with the greatest care and precision.

17. **Receipt of applications.**—Application for registration shall be made under sub-section (1) of section 7 to the Chief Inspector, and shall be accompanied under rule 2 by a receipt for the prescribed fee. No application shall be accepted without the receipt. No boiler shall be registered if on measurement the fee is found to be deficient until the deficit has been paid. Any excess payment will be refunded at the time of registration.

18. **Necessity of avoiding delay.**—It is essential that no delay should occur in registration. In large towns the measurements under sub-section (3) of section 7 should ordinarily be completed and the reports submitted to the Chief Inspector within ten days of the receipt of the application. In no case should the interval exceed 30 days. The Chief Inspector should issue his orders under sub-section (4) of section 7 without delay.

19. Register of registered boilers.—The Chief Inspector shall maintain a register of registered boilers in serial order in form A in two parts. In part I (boilers originally registered in the State) the registered number of a boiler shall be the one immediately following the last serial number in the register. Gaps in the series due to the breaking up of boilers or to the transference of boilers to another State shall not be filled up. In part 2 (boilers originally registered in other States) entries shall be made as prescribed in rule 21.

20. Procedure on a transfer of a boiler.—Whenever a boiler is transferred from one State to another the owner shall under clause (b) of section 6 apply to the Chief Inspector of the State to which the boiler is transferred for the registration of the transfer; the boiler shall not be used until registration has been effected. The Chief Inspector shall then obtain from that State the registration book and memorandum of inspection book of the boiler. No fee shall be charged for recording transfers.

21. Entries of transferred boiler in register.—On receipt of the registration book and memorandum of inspection book the Chief Inspector shall enter the boiler under its original number in part 2 of his register; the registration book and the memorandum of inspection book shall be kept in the Chief Inspector's Office.

22. Note of transferred and dismantled boilers.—Whenever a boiler has been transferred or broken up the fact shall be noted in the register of the State from which it has been transferred or in which it has been broken up. In the case of a boiler that it has been permanently dismantled the registration book and the memorandum of inspection book shall be destroyed.

V.—INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSPECTION

23. Reference to previous inspection.—Detailed instructions for the inspection of boilers are contained in part II of the regulations. In making inspections it is important that the Inspector should pay particular attention to entries made in the Memorandum of Inspection Book at the time of the previous inspection.

24. Procedure during inspection.—In arranging for inspections particular attention should be paid to the provisions of clause (e) of rule 5. The notice required by sub-section (4) of section 8 shall be sent in Form B. If a hydraulic test is necessary in addition to the ordinary inspection ample notice must be given to the owner. During the inspection of one of a battery of boilers, the Inspector should take the opportunity of examining the other boilers under steam, with special reference to the water gauges, pressure gauge and safety valves.

25. Issue of certificates and provisional orders.—(a) When a certificate is required for a boiler application shall be made to the Chief Inspector of Boilers, Jullundur by the owner or Agent one month before the date of expiry of the last Certificate. The Chief Inspector on receipt of such application together with the Treasury Receipt for the prescribed fee shall arrange for the inspection to take place at an early convenient date and will arrange to send the Notice in Form B to the applicant for necessary preparation of the boiler on the date notified for its inspection.

(b) All certificates must be issued from the Head Office after being countersigned by the Chief Inspector. A Provisional Order should be issued in every case of registration after hydraulic test if the Inspector is satisfied, that the conditions of section 9 of the Act are fulfilled. The steam test may be carried out at any convenient time within the period of the Provisional Order after which, if the test is satisfactory, the certificate under section 7 shall be issued.

The Inspector may where necessary authorise the working of a boiler after complete inspection for renewed certificate under section 8 on a manuscript form pending the issue of the certificate. The manuscript shall contain the same details as a Provisional Order, under section 9. Where he proposes to issue a Provisional Order under section 9 the Inspector should satisfy himself that the boiler is fit to be worked at the maximum pressure and for the period entered in the Provisional Order. The issue of a Provisional Order shall be reported immediately to the Chief Inspector.

The period specified on any certificate or Provisional Order shall begin on the day following that on which the completed hydraulic test or thorough inspection is made.

To group inspection work in different localities certificates valid for less than twelve months may be issued by the Chief Inspector under the proviso to section 8 (5) of the Act. Where a licence is, under this section, issued for a period of less than twelve months a proportionate reduction in the licence fee will be allowed.

26. Certificates and Provisional Orders shall be issued in Forms V and VI respectively prescribed under the regulations but no such certificate or Provisional Order authorising the use of a boiler shall be issued unless and until the owner of a boiler or Agent thereof engages a qualified boiler attendant and gets his number registered with the Inspector.

Duplicate copies of certificates for bonafide purposes may be issued to boiler owners during the currency of a certificate under the order of the Chief Inspector on receipt of a fee of Rs. 3 per copy.

27. (1) Fee for inspection shall be calculated on the basis of boiler rating, as prescribed in Regulation 385. The following fees are prescribed:

				Rs.
For Boiler rating	not exceeding 100			60
For Boiler rating	100	but not exceeding 300		75
exceeding				
-do-	300	-do-	500	90
-do-	500	-do-	700	105
-do-	700	-do-	900	120
-do-	900	-do-	1,100	135
-do-	1,100	-do-	2,000	150
-do-	2,000	-do-	4,000	180
-do-	4,000	-do-	6,000	210
-do-	6,000	-do-	8,000	240
-do-	8,000	-do-	10,000	270
For Boiler Rating				300
Exceeding	10,000			

Rupees 60 for the inspection of steam pipe made after structural and alteration, or renewal under section 8 (3) (4) and not at the time of inspection of boilers.

(2) Second fee in default.—A section fee will be levied for inspection in any case where the inspection of a boiler is begun but owing to the fault or neglect of the owner or person-in-charge is not completed within a period of six months from the date of commencement of inspection.

VI.—ACCIDENTS

28. Investigation of accidents.—When the Chief Inspector receives any report of accident to a boiler or steam pipe under section 18 he shall forward it at once to an Inspector, who shall with the least possible delay proceed to the place to investigate the accident.

29. Procedure during enquiry.—The Inspector at his enquiry shall make a careful examination of the damaged parts and shall take such measurements and make such sketches for the purpose of his report as he may deem necessary. He shall enquire into the circumstances attending the accident and not the time of its occurrence. its nature and extent, the injury caused to persons and the damage done to property.

30. Power to hold enquiry in writing.—Inspectors are authorised to take the written statements of witnesses and all persons immediately concerned with the accident. In order to comply with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 18 the Inspector should present to the owner or person incharge of the boiler a series of written questions on all points that are material to the enquiry.

31. Use of boiler after accident.—The Inspector should decide whether the use of the boiler can be permitted at the same or at a lower pressure without repairs or pending the completion of any repairs or alterations that he may order. In no case should he issue a provisional order or renewal certificates, until his orders have been carried out.

32. Procedure in case of serious accident.—The report shall be sent without delay to the Chief Inspector. If he considers that the investigation has been sufficient,

he shall record the facts in his register of accidents, and enter a brief account of the accident in the registration book, a copy being made in the Memorandum of Inspection Book. If, however, the accident is of a serious nature and in all cases in which an explosion has occurred, the Chief Inspector should after receipt of the Inspector's report proceed to investigate the accident personally or to move the State Government to appoint a Commission to enquire into the accident. When the State Government has ordered an enquiry, the report thereof shall be recorded as indicated above.

33. **Commissions of enquiry.**—Commissions appointed under the preceding rule shall ordinarily consist of the Chief Inspector and one independent person.

34. A brief account of all accidents and their causes should be included Reference in annual report. In the Chief Inspector's Annual Report.

35. If in the course of inspection, or any other time, the Inspector discovers damage which comes within the definition of an accident, but which has not been reported he shall report the facts at once to the Chief Inspector for action under clause (d) of section 24.

VII.—APPEALS

36. **Filing of appeal.**—Every petition of appeal shall be made in writing either in English or in the vernacular, and should, under Article 11 of the Schedule II of the Court Fee Act, 1870, as amended by the Courts Fees (Himachal Pradesh Amendment) Act, 1953, bear a Rupee one Stamp.

37. **Presentation of appeal.**—An appeal may be presented either personally or by registered post to the Chief Inspector.

38. **Form of appeal.**—The petition of appeal shall be accompanied by the original order, notice or report appealed against, or by a certified copy thereof, or, where no such order, notice or report has been made in writing, by a clear statement of facts appealed against, the grounds of appeal and the relevant section of the Act.

39. **Fixing date for hearing.**—On receipt of an appeal the Chief Inspector shall, if the appeal is to be heard by himself, at once fix a date for hearing the appeal; and, if it is to be heard by the appellate authority, obtain a date for the hearing of the appeal from the President of the Court. It is important that there should be no delay in the decisions of appeals, as the stoppage of a boiler is likely to put the owner thereof to great inconvenience. The decision should ordinarily be given within 10 days from the receipt of the petition of appeal.

40. **Procedure before hearing.**—When the date of hearing has been fixed, the Chief Inspector shall at once issue a notice to the appellant stating the date of hearing and informing him that if he wishes to be heard in support of the appeal or to produce evidence, he must be present either in person or by authorised agent with his evidence on the date fixed. The notice shall be sent to such address as shall be entered in the petition of appeal.

41. **Presence of Inspector.**—In all appeals the Chief Inspector shall decide whether the presence of the Inspector is necessary, and shall issue orders accordingly.

42. **Attendance of witnesses.**—The appellate authority shall have power to secure the attendance of witnesses to make local inquiries under the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure.

43. **Ex-parte decisions.**—If the appellant is not present on the date fixed the appeal may be decided in his absence.

44. **President of Appellate Court.**—The State Government shall appoint an officer to be president of the appellate Court for such period as it thinks fit. The President shall be an officer with judicial or magisterial experience.

45. **Panel of Assessors.**—The State Government shall constitute a panel of assessors for the purpose of assisting in the hearing of appeals. Assessors must be fully qualified mechanical engineers.

46. **Constitution of Appellate Court.**—Whenever the date for an appeal before the Appellate Court has been

fixed, the Chief Inspector shall, under the orders of the President of the Court arrange for the attendance of three members of the panel constituted under the preceding rule to act as assessors.

47. **Costs in appeals.**—In appeals before the Appellate authority the President is authorised to fix the costs and recover them from the appellant in any case in which the appeal is dismissed, in all cases of appeal in which a local inspection is required by the appellant he shall deposit in advance the full cost of such inspection.

48. **Fees required for certificates granted on appeal.**—Any order on appeal authorising the registering of a boiler of the grant of renewal of a certificate shall be deemed to be subject to the payment of such fees as are prescribed by rules or regulations framed under the Act. Boilers Attendants.

49. **Appointment of a qualified boiler attendant.**—Every owner of a boiler shall arrange to keep his boiler under the charge of a person holding a certificate of competency. The rules prescribing the conditions on which such certificates may be granted are contained in Appendix B;

Provided that a person holding a certificate of competency issued by the Indian Military Department may when on the active list hold charge of a boiler, belonging to that Department, without the certificate referred to in this rule, but subject to the following conditions:—

(i) A person holding a certificate of clause 3 or 4 may not hold charge of a boiler (with steam pipes) whose rates capacity exceeds 550 square feet.

(ii) A person holding a certificate of clause 2, may not hold charge of a boiler (with steam pipes) whose rates capacity exceeds 1,600 square feet.

50. Whenever charge of a boiler passes from one attendant to another the owner shall inform the Chief Inspector and send a duplicate copy of the certificate of the newly engaged person.

51. **Penalty.**—Any person who:—

(a) willfully obstructs an Inspector in the exercise of any power conferred by any rules made under the Act; or

(b) does or omits to do any act prohibited or prescribed by regulations or by these rules, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

FORM A

.....Boiler Inspection Department.

REGISTER OF BOILERS

1. Registry number.
2. Type of boiler.
3. Boiler rating.
4. Name of manufacturer.
5. Year and place of construction.
6. Date of registration.
7. Name of owner.
8. Place where in use.
9. Remarks transfers, etc.

In part II of the Register, column I should contain the Registry number and letters.

FORM B.

INDIAN BOILERS ACT, 1923

(Act, V of 1923)

NOTICE FOR EXAMINATION OF BOILER UNDER SECTION 8

No. _____ of 19.

BOILER INSPECTIONS OFFICE

Dated the _____ 19 _____

To _____

In reply to your application, dated.....you are hereby informed that Boiler Registry No.....

at the above named premises will be thoroughly examined by the Government Inspector on the.....
To enable the examination to be made are required to:—

- afford to the Inspector all reasonable facilities for such examination and all such information as may reasonably be required by him;
- arrange that the boiler is properly prepared for examination in the prescribed manner;
- provided in the case of a boiler about to be registered such drawing, specifications and certificates as may be prescribed.

Voucher No..... in acknowledgement of
Bank/Treasury Receipt No..... for Rs.....
accompanys.

INSPECTOR OF BOILERS

(See below for preparation required)

PREPARATION FOR EXAMINATION

See Part II, Chapter I, of the Regulations and Regulation 31

(A) PREPARATION FOR INSPECTION

At every inspection of a boiler for the grant or renewal of a certificate, the boiler shall be empty and thoroughly clean in all its parts. All doors of manholes, handholes and sight holes, and cleaning plugs and all caps in the headers and mud drums of water tube boilers, all firebars bearers, front plates, bridge plates, fire bridges, brick arches, oil fuel burners and mechanical stoker fittings shall be removed. All valves and cocks comprising the boiler mountings shall be opened up and taken apart and the valves or cocks ground, where necessary, before the Inspector visit.

Provision shall be made for the removal of lagging or brickwork or other concealing part and for the drilling of plates. If required by the Inspector, and for verifying the pressure gauge and safety valve dimensions and weights. All smoke tubes, smoke boxes, and external flues shall be swept clean.

Provisions shall be made for the effective discharge of all steam and hot water communication with any other boiler under steam as described in Part III of the Regulations. This shall be effected either by the removal of a length of pipe from the steam and feed piping or by the insertion of substantial blank flanges. Where blank flanges are employed they must be inserted between the flange of the chest and the pipe attached to it. No blank flange shall be inserted between a safety valve chest and the boiler.

Note.—These provisions as to effective disconnection shall extend to every case where in a person is sent, or with the assent of the owner or person in charge goes, into a boiler for any purpose.

(B) PREPARATION FOR HYDRAULIC TEST

The chests of all mountings subject to steam pressure shall be in place and shut tight or blank flanged. The safety valves should either be jammed down or removed, and the chest opening blank flanged. The attachment for the Inspector's pressure gauge and the nipple for connection the Inspector's test pump hose should be in order. The receiving socket shall be fitted with an easily removable cap. In the case of small boilers which cannot be entered by an Inspector and which are hydraulically tested at each inspection a plug hole tapped 7/8 inch British standard White worth thread shall be provided in a handy position for the attachment of the Inspector's test pump hose nipple. All doors shall be properly jointed and tightened up. The boiler shall be completely filled with water, care being taken to allow all air to escape and, if possible, a preliminary test not exceeding the working pressure of the boiler should be taken before the Inspectors visit to test the tightness of the joints. When a boiler is hydraulically tested for the first time it shall be entirely cleared of lagging and brickwork; at subsequent tests the lagging or brick work or portions thereof shall be removed if required by the Inspector.

Preparation now required

A.B.

Note.—The last certificate of the boiler along with the attendant's certificate competency should be shown to the Inspector.

APPENDIX 'A'

GENERAL WORKING OF BOILERS INSTRUCTIONS TO BOILER ATTENDANTS

(Taken from page 157 of the Boiler laws Committee's report).

The instructions should be frequently and carefully studied, with a view to keeping in mind the precautions to be observed, and the ordinary procedure to be followed in the safe working of boilers.

PRECAUTIONS BEFORE STARTING THE FIRES

Before starting the fires in the boiler, the attendant should:—

- see that there is sufficient water in the boiler and that the gauge cocks are working freely;
- close safety valves, or open cock on top of boiler to allow air to escape;
- see that the blow off cock is fully closed and tight;
- see that the safety valves and feed check valve are free and workable;
- see that the water is not leaking from any part of the boiler;
- note if the pressure gauge pointer is at zero;
- see that the feed pump is in working order.

He must not rely on the supposition that the water he has previously put in is still in the boiler, as it may have now run out without his knowledge through a leak or open cock, nor can he be sure that the gauge glass shows the true water level until he has tested it. This is done in the following manner. Shut off the lower gauge cock, and empty the drain cock; then shut the train cock and open the gauge cock, if everything is in order, the water will then rise in the glass to the same height as before.

RAISING STEAM

In getting up steam in all types of boilers, the operation should be as gradual as circumstances will allow. Nothing turns a new boiler into an old one sooner than getting up steam too quickly. Forcing the fires when starting work is liable to cause straining of the steams and tubes of the boilers. In the case of large boiler generally, steam should not be got up in less than six hours. Before getting up steam, the water level should be observed, to ensure that water is at the proper height in the glass, the pressure gauge noted, and the safety valves tried to see that they are free. The blow-off cock should be examined that it is completely shut and tight.

The Water Gauges.—These will be kept best in order by frequently blowing through. The cocks are thus kept in good working condition without leaking. Blow through the drain cock at the bottom of the gauge, and shut and open the steam and water cocks every few hours. These cocks should be blown through more frequently when the water is dirty. Should either of the passages become choked, or whenever the water in the gauge glass moves sluggishly the passage must be cleaned. This is best done with a wire. The gauge glass is so arranged that its top cock connects with the steam space and its bottom cocks is below the water line. The water line will ordinarily be near the centre of the glass tube. Always test the glass water gauges thoroughly the first thing in the morning and at the commencement of every shift. This is done by first opening the drain cock, then shutting the upper cock which should give water; the upper cock should then be opened and the bottom cock closed which should give steam; during this test the drain cock should be kept open.

If water and steam do not appear in proper order, the cocks are choked and the passages should be cleaned. To lessen the risk of breaking the gauge glass the water cock should always be re-opened after the steam cock.

Gauge glasses with a narrow white stripe running the whole length of the glass on the side next the boiler are recommended as they show the water line more clearly, especially when the water is dirty.

The government boiler regulations require every water gauge glass to be fitted with a guard to prevent injury to the attendants. See that it is always in place, and clean when there is steam in the boiler.

Special Note.—It does follow that there is plenty of water in the boiler because there is plenty of water in the gauge glass. The passages may be choked, and empty gauge glasses are sometimes mistaken for full ones, and explosions have resulted therefrom. Hence the importance of keeping the gauge cocks perfectly tight and clean and of blowing through that cocks frequently.

A large number of accidents have been due to inoperative water gauges and to negligence of the attendant in not carefully reading the water-level.

The blow-off cock.—The blow-off should be used daily if the water is at all dirty or sedimentary, especially with locomotive type and vertical boilers, as their narrow water spaces are liable to get choked with mud, with soon hardens into a solid mass. The amount of water to be blown out depends on the size of the boiler and can be determined only from experience. When blowing out the best result is obtained, if the water has been at rest for some time (say, before the engine is started) thus giving the sediment time to settle; if the feed water is clean, merely turn the cock round.

The Scum cock.—When scum cocks are fitted, if the feed water is dirty, a little should be blown off daily, if the water is clean, merely turn the cock round. Before opening the scum cock see that the water is at the height indicated by the water-level pointer, otherwise the scumming will be ineffective. Water should be blown from the surface through the scum cock when steam is being drawn-off, i.e., when the engine or other machinery is working.

Manhole and other door joints.—When making such joints, the jointing material should never be of round sectioned packing. Care must be taken that the spigot of the door is centrally placed in the hole, as many accidents have resulted from packing being blown out between the spigot and side of hole, even when the clearance was only 1/8 inch. The nuts must be carefully and evenly tightened.

Steam Pipes.—When properly arranged, should give no trouble. Frequently, however, they are so designed as to contain pockets, in which while out of use, condensed steam accumulates. Such water is exceedingly dangerous and great care should be taken to see that the pipes are properly drained before the stop valve is opened, otherwise "water hammer" will take place even with the best designed steam pipes, and disastrous explosions, causing loss of life and property, may occur.

Scale and grease.—Roughly speaking, scale offers a hundred times as much resistances to the passage of heat as does a similar thickness of steel or iron. A half inch furnace plate covered with 1/10th inch scale is as efficient heat retarder as a steel furnace 10 inches thick. Grease is about ten times worse than scale. In a boiler at work the temperature of clean furnace plate is only slightly in excess of that of the water in the boiler; but if scale or grease is interposed between the water and the plate, the latter acquires a temperature more nearly approximating that of the flame with which it is in contact. If the fire is fierce (artificial draught) the furnace tube may grow so hot that it elongates considerably. If, in addition, cold air is admitted, during each firing, a convection action of the furnace takes place, which is one of the worst causes of boiler wear and tear. Wear and tear can be reduced and the life of a boiler prolonged if scale and grease are prevented from accumulating in a boiler. The combined effect of scale or grease and

artificial draught are disastrous. Scale or grease also causes waste of fuel.

Grease.—A mixture of sedimentary water, soda and grease produce an adhesive scum. Where this is suspected, the water-level should never be lowered below the furnace top, unless the boiler is afterwards entered and this scum cleaned off the furnace plate before firing again.

Scale Removal.—The customary method is not a satisfactory one. The boiler is emptied and then cooled down by opening all the manholes and the result is that the scale, which would otherwise be soft, hardens through contact with the air, and required laborious chipping off.

A very effective, but slower method. It to retain the water in the boiler until cool, and not to run it out until the men are ready to enter the boiler with water hose, brushes and scrapers. The scale will then be soft and easily removeable. If time is a consideration, the cooling can be accelerated by adding cold feed to the hot water in the boiler and slowly running off the cooled water. Another method is to blow off the boiler with the lowest possible pressure (not more than 20 lb.) and to keep it closed until cold. The scale will then be easily removed.

Treatment of feed water. Many feed waters require soda or other chemical to arrest corrosion or to change the nature of the scales. There is no harmless chemical which will remove scale or sediment when it has once got into the boiler, and the only effective process is to purify the feed water before it enters the boiler. By this means the sediment, and generally too, the added chemical, can be deposited in tanks or in filters, and therefore never goes into the boiler. Excepting when the water obtainable is very good water, purifying apparatus ought to pay any boiler owner, particularly at those works where three or more boilers are in constant work. Boiler owners wishing to have definite advice as to the best treatment of their feed water should have it analysed at some chemical laboratory and ascertain the best treatment in the particular circumstances.

Special attention is drawn to the not in frequent but very bad practice of allowing the waste steam from the engine cylinders or pumps to be drained into the boiler feed water tanks. The waste steam from cylinders is always mixed with a certain amount of oily matter, which will be deposited in the feed water tanks and ultimately be pumped into the boiler, with possibly disastrous results, as it will be obvious to every careful boiler attendant that should the oil be deposited on the furnace crowns, they may become overheated and collapse.

It should be the first care of the boiler owner and the boiler attendant to see that the feed water is kept as pure as possible. Impure feed water means additional expense and the unkeep of the boiler.

Preservation of boilers when not in use.—Steam boiler when not in use are liable to deterioration from corrosion and, unless well care for an made rust proof, they may depreciate more rapidly than when in use. They should be thoroughly drained and thoroughly dried and all valves cocks and openings closed so as to exclude moisture. Another plan is to fill the boiler with water to with about 1/100 per cent caustic soda has been added.

Special Instructions for Boiler No.

This boiler should be opened up and thoroughly cleaned after a period of work which should not exceed, A record of such cleanings should be maintained and produced when required by the Inspector.

Dated

Inspector of Boilers.

APPENDIX 'B'

RULES UNDER CLAUSE (D) OF SECTION 29 OF THE INDIAN BOILERS ACT, 1923

1. (i) For the purpose of granting certificate of competency the State Government shall from time to time appoint a Board of Examining Engineers hereinafter called the Board consisting of Chairman and three members.

(ii) The State Government may at any time cancel the appointment of the Chairman or of any member of the Board.

(iii) The Chairman and any two members of the Board shall form a quorum.

(iv) All certificates shall be granted on the prescribed forms.

2. Certificate of Competency—The Board may at its discretion without examination grant:—

(a) a 1st Class Certificate of Competency:—

(i) to any member of the Board;

(ii) to any person who holds a certificate as a 1st Class Marine Engineer issued by the Board of Trade;

(iii) to any person who holds a 1st Class Certificate of Competency granted under the authority any local Government in India or Burma;

(iv) to any person who is member of the Institute of Mechanical or Marine Engineers in England;

(b) a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency—

(i) to any person who holds a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency granted under the authority of any local Government in India or Burma;

(ii) to any person who holds a Certificate as a 2nd Class Marine Engineer issued by the Board of Trade;

(iii) in the said Rules, for clause (iii) of sub-Rule (b) of Rule 2 substitute the following, namely:—

“to any person who is an associated member of the Institute of Mechanical or Marine Engineers in England, or is a graduate of any of the recognised Universities indicated in Appendix ‘C’ or to any other person holding an equivalent qualification which has been approved by the State Government on the recommendation of the Board and who has had practical experience of boiler for three years.”

(iv) To any person who have passed the Associate membership examination (See A and B) of the Institute of Engineers (India) and can produce before the Board of Examining Engineers his certificate in original to that effect.

3. The Board may at its discretion grant after examination (See Rule II of the rules, contained in this Appendix B).

(a) a 1st Class Certificate of Competency to any person who holds a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency or a 1st Class Certificate granted under the authority of any Local Government in India or Burma or a 2nd Class Service Certificate granted under the authority of Himachal Pradesh Government;

(b) a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency—

(i) to any person who has served for not less than three years as an apprentice, and for not less than three years on the running and fitting of boilers, and can produce, before the Board of Examining Engineers, testimonials in original of his experience and good character signed by the manager of a factory, or other competent authority;

(ii) to any person who holds a 3rd Class Certificate of Competency granted under rule 4 of Appendix B or under the authority of any other Local Government in India and Burma;

(iii) to any student who has successfully passed his examination of the classes noted against the below noted Engineering Colleges or Institutes and has also had one years practical experience on boilers after leaving the college or Institute.

(1) MacLagan Engineering, Class A Lahore.

(2) Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Diploma Class, Bombay.

(3) Bengal Engineering College, Mech. Class, Shibpur, Calcutta.

(4) Benares Hindu University Engineering B. Sc. Class, Benares.

4. The board may at its discretion grant a 3rd Class Certificate of Competency to a candidate who is able to to answer satisfactorily practical questions put to him by the Board regarding the management of boilers; and

(i) who has served for not less than six years on boilers and produces before the Board testimonials in original of his experience and good character signed by the manager of a factory or other competent authority; or

(ii) who holds a 3rd Class Certificate of Competency granted under the authority of any Local Government in India and Burma;

(iii) to any student who has successfully passed his examination of the classes noted against the following Engineering Colleges or Institute and has also had one year's practical experience on boilers after leaving the College or Institute.

1. Punjab College of Engineering and Technology (Formerly Machlagan Engineering College Class B Lahore);

2. Hindu Technical Institute, Lahore Mech. Engineering Class;

3. Kalabhawan Technical Institute. Baroda;

4. Bengal Technical Institute, Calcutta;

5. Hindu University Diploma Class Benares;

6. Government Technical School, Jhansi;

7. Government Technical School Lucknow;

8. Government Technical School Gorakhpur;

9. Technical College Dayalbagh, Agra;

10. I.D. Technical Institute Bahjoi (Maradabad)

11. Central Technical Institute, Gwalior (M.B.).

4. (a) The Board may also at its discretion, after an oral examination grant a restricted certificate allowing the possessor to hold charge of boiler with rated capacity not exceeding 80 square feet to a person who is in the permanent service of Government and has previous experience of the care and maintenance of boilers of the kind for which the restricted certificate is issued in case in which such a restricted certificate is recommended by the Head of Government Department in the interest of public service. In making the recommendation in writing to the Board, the Head of Department will state that he has satisfied himself that the restricted certificate is necessary in the interest of the Public Service, and that his departmental regulations do not permit the employment of outsider holding third class certificate of competency. The grant of non-restricted certificate of competency to such restricted certificate holders will be governed by the provisions of Rule 4 (1) above.

5. (a) A 1st Class Certificate of Competency entitles the possessor to hold charge of any boiler or boilers (with steam pipes), provided that no person shall be in charge of two or more boilers belonging to different owner or of two or more boilers belonging to the same owner, which are more than one thousand feet apart.

(b) A 2nd Class Certificate of Competency entitles the possessor to hold charge of a boiler or boilers (with steam pipes) whose rated capacity does not exceed 1,600 square feet, provided that no person shall be in charge of two or more boilers belonging to different owners or of two or more boilers belonging to the same owner which are more than 1,000 feet apart.

(c) A 3rd Class Certificate of Competency shall entitle the possessor to hold charge of a boiler (with steam pipes) up the rates capacity of 550 square feet.

N.B.—Boilers belonging to the same owner in charge of one person must be located in the same compound. Boilers supplying steam to one steam range must be in charge of one person.

6. (a) The following fees should accompany each application to the Board of Examination:—

(i) for a 1st Class Certificate of Competency .. 10

(ii) for a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency .. 8

(iii) for a 3rd Class Certificate of Competency .. 5

The following fee will be charged for the grant of Certificate of Competency:—

(i) 1st Class	15
(ii) 2nd Class	12
(iii) 3rd Class	10

"The fee after deduction of actual expenditure incurred in connection with the conduct of the examination shall be divided among the members of the board who take part in the examination or who, where there is no examination grant the certificate and the staff dealing with the examination, in the ratio of 2:1 i.e., 2/3rd to the members and the 1/3rd to the staff".

7. Applications for examination on the prescribed form should be addressed to:—

The Chairman, Board of Examining Engineers, Indian Boilers Act, Himachal Pradesh, Simla.

The fee prescribed in clause (a) of rule 6 of Appendix B should be remitted to the same address by money-order or paid to the Chairman in cash and his receipt obtained. No application will be entertained until the fee has been received by the Chairman.

N.B.—Person below 21 years of age will not be admitted.

8. The Chairman shall keep an account of the fees received and of the payments made to members.

9. (a) The Chairman shall fix and notify in the public press the date, time and place of the examination.

(b) The date of examination and the last date on which application for admission to the examination can be received will be published in four leading newspapers of the province (two English and two Hindi) and information will be given individually to any one who makes an enquiry about it from the Chairman. But the Board is not bound to give this information by special letter to each candidate for the examination. The want of this information will not, therefore, be an excuse for absence from the examination which entails on the absentee the forfeiture of his admission fee.

(c) An application for admission to the examination will not be accepted after the date fixed, in subsection (b) of this section, for the receipt of such application, unless it is received in the office of the Chairman one week before the date fixed for the examination accompanied by a remittance of two rupees as late fee.

10. The Board may cancel either temporarily or permanently any certificate when they are satisfied that the holder thereof is by reason of misconduct or carelessness or of any other omission on his part which is in contravention of the rules and regulations made under the Act or for any other cause unfit to retain it. The Chairman may cancel such certificate temporarily till the next sitting of the Board on the report of the Chief Inspector appointed under the Act. A person whose certificates have thus been temporarily cancelled either by the Chairman or on the motion of the Board will be given an opportunity to appear before the Board to show cause why his certificate should not be permanently cancelled. The Board may after enquiry grant duplicate certificate to any person whose original has either been cancelled or lost on payment of full fee as per rule 6.

11. The examination held under rule 3 of the rules contained in this Appendix shall be partly written and partly practical.

(a) The examination will consist of—

- (i) a paper of seven questions on Mathematics;
- (ii) a paper of seven questions on boilers and steam pipes;
- (iii) mechanical drawing of boilers parts.

The time allowed for the examination in each of the above subjects will be two hours.

(iv) oral questions on boilers and steam pipes and pumps.

(b) The paper on Mathematics will include questions on the first four rules of Arithmetic, proportion, vulgar and decimal fractions and their application to questions regarding the consumption of stores and capacities of tanks and bunkers, the duty of

pumps and the direct stresses in boilers. The full marks will be 120. The candidate will be required to obtain 80 marks to qualify himself for a 1st Class Certificate of Competency and 60 for a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency.

(c) The paper and oral examination on boilers and steam pipes will include questions on the following subjects:—

- (i) The various kinds of boilers, their setting erection and method of staying them together with the use and management of the different valves, cocks, pipes and feed pumps and connections;
- (ii) The various defects of boilers caused by accidents decay etc. and the means of repairing them;
- (iii) The use of the barometer, thermometer and salinometer and the principle on which they are constructed.
- (iv) The causes, effects and usual remedies for incrustation and orrosion;
- (v) Simple hydraulic pressure;
- (vi) Chemical analysis of water.

The full marks for the above paper will be 150 and the minimum to qualify will be 100 for a 1st Class Certificate of Competency and 60 for a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency, and in the oral examination full marks will be 150, and the minimum to qualify 125 for a 1st Class and 100 for a 2nd Class Certificates of Competency.

(d) The candidate will be required to make an intelligible hand sketch or a working drawing of some one or more of the principal parts of the boiler. The full marks will be 80 and the qualifying minimum 60 for a 1st Class Certificate of Competency and 40 for a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency.

12. The total number of marks for the examination will, therefore, be 500 and to qualify for a 1st Class Certificate of Competency the candidates must obtain an aggregate of 365 and for a 2nd Class Certificate of Competency 260.

13. (a) No candidate will be allowed to appear for re-examination until ten months after the date of the examination which he failed to pass. The Board may in special cases grant concessions to deserving unsuccessful candidates to appear for re-examination at the next meeting of the Board.

(b) A candidate to whom a certificate of competency has been granted will not be eligible to appear in the examination for a higher certificate until ten months after the date of the examination which he has passed.

14. Candidates for 1st and 2nd Class Certificates of Competency will be permitted to write their answers in in Hindi, but writing all figures in English characters.

15. Provisional certificates of competency valid pending the date of the next meeting of the Board are issued by the Chairman (i) to applicants possessing certificates of competency of other provinces, (ii) who are eligible to obtain certificates without examination, (iii) who have failed only in oral examination, on payment of the fees prescribed but no fee is charged for a permanent certificate of competency if it is applied for and granted at the first examination after the expiry of the period of the provisional certificate. Fresh fees will be payable if the holder of the provisional certificate of competency applies for a permanent certificate of competency at any examination subsequent to that held immediately after the expiry of the provisional certificate.

16. Persons holding 1st Class Engine Drivers' certificates granted under the Punjab Steam Boilers and Prime Movers' Act, 1902, will only have the privileges of holders of 3rd Class Certificates under these rules until they obtain certificates of a higher class.

17. Persons holding 2nd Class Drivers' Certificates under the Punjab Steam Boilers and Prime Movers' Act, 1902, will not be entitled to hold charge of boilers whose heating surface exceeds 250 square feet, until they obtain 3rd Class Certificates under these rules.

APPENDIX 'C'

List of Examination recognised by the Council as exempting from sections "A" and "B" of the Associate Membership Examination

Calcutta.—B.E. Examination in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering.
Bombay.—B.E. Examination.
Madras.—B.E. Examination.
Benaras Hindu University.—B.Sc. Examination in Engineering—B.Sc. (Mining).
Patna.—B.C.E.
Rangoon.—B.Sc. in Engineering.
Mysore.—B.E. in 'Civil', 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering.
Punjab.—B. Sc. in Engineering.
Osmania University (Hyderabad).—B.E.
Travancore.—B.Sc. in Engineering.
Thavon Civil Engineering College, Roorkee.—Diplomas in Civil Engineering (Formerly Assistant Engineers' Certificate).
Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.—Certificate in 'Electrical Technology' or in 'Electrical Communication' Engineering.
MacLagan Engineering College.—A Class Diplomas in the First Division (65% or more marks) and the Honours Division (80% or more marks) in (i) Mechanical Engineering and (ii) Electrical Engineering from 1935.
College of Engineering and Technology Bengal.—
 (i) Engineering Degree.
 (ii) Special Degree Examination.
 (iii) The Diplomas in Mechanical, Electrical and Chemical Engineering from 1941 onwards; provided the candidate has passed the Intermediate Examination in Science of a recognised University with Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics.
School of Military Engineer, Roorkee.—Engineering Officers' Supplementary Engineering Course.
Delhi Polytechnic.—Diploma in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering of the All-Indian Council of Technical Education.
Institution of Civil Engineers.—Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of the Mechanical Engineers.—Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of Electrical Engineers.—Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of Structural Engineers.—Associate Membership Examination exempting from section A only.
Institution of Sanitary Engineers.—Associate Membership Examination with the following subjects, viz., Sanitary Engineering, Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery and Geodesy, as exempting from section B only.
Oxford University.—B.A. with Honours in Engineering Science Final Honours School.
Cambridge.—B.A. (Honours) Mechanical Science Trips.
St. Andrews.—B. Sc. in Engineering.
Glasgow.—B. Sc. in Engineering.
Dublin.—B.A.I. (ordinary or with Honours in Engineering).
Mc-Gill (Montreal).—B. Sc. in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' or 'Metallurgical' or 'Mining' Engineering (Honours or ordinary Degree).
Durham University.—B. Sc. in 'Civil' 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering in 'Naval Architecture' (Honours or ordinary Degree).
London.—B. Sc. (Internal or External Degree) in Engineering (not including the B.Sc.) in Engineering (Metallurgy) (Honours or ordinary Degree).
 B.Sc. (Internal) in Engineering (Mining) (obtained in or after 1926).
 B.Sc. (External) in Engineering (Mining), Honours Degree (obtained in or after 1935).
Victoria University (Manchester).—B.Sc. Technical (ordinary Course, Division I and II) in Electrical Engineering.
 B. Sc. Tech. (Higher Course, Honours Div., or ordinary Course Division I) in Municipal Engineering.

B. Sc. Tech. (ordinary Degree obtained in or after 1930) in Municipal Engineering.
 B. Sc. in Engineering (Honours Degree or ordinary Degree from 1925 onwards).
 B. Sc. Tech. in 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering (Honours Division in the Final Examination).
Birmingham University.—B.Sc. in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering (Honours or ordinary Degree).
Liverpool.—B. Eng. in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Marine' or 'Electrical' Engineering or 'Naval Architecture' (Honours or ordinary Degree).
Leeds.—B. Sc. in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering (Honours or ordinary Degree).
Sheffield.—B. Eng. in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering (Honours Degree or ordinary Degree with a first Class in the final Examination will not be required in the cases of degree obtained in or after June, 1930).
Bristol.—B. Sc. in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering (Honours or ordinary Degree).
Wales.—B. Sc. in 'Civil' or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering.
National University of Ireland.—B.E.
Queen (Belfast).—B. Sc. in Engineering.
Sydney.—B.E. in 'Civil' or in 'Mechanical' and 'Electrical' Engineering.
Melbourne.—B.C.E. B. Mech. E. or B.E.E.
New Zealand.—B.E. in 'Civil', or 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering.
Adelaide.—B.E. in 'Civil', 'Mechanical' or 'Electrical' Engineering.
Queensland.—B.E. in 'Civil' or in 'Mechanical' and 'Electrical' Engineering.
Western Australia.—B.E.
Diplomas in Engineering.—University College, London.
 King's College, London.
 City and Guild, London, Final Grade Certificate Examination.
 Farady House, London, Diploma in Engineering: provided the Diploma is obtained by actually passing the Examination.
Royal Technical College, Glasgow.—Final Diploma Examination in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering: provided an approved Matriculation Examination has been passed before beginning the course.
 Manchester Certificate in Technology, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
 Harriot-watt Collge, Edinburgh, Associateship in Electrical Engineering.
Naval Offices.—Examination which qualifies as Lieutenant (E).
 Royal Naval College, Greenwich, Professional Certificate for constructors.
American Degrees and Diplomas in Engineering.—Diploma or Degrees of only those American Engineering Institutions, the curricula of which have been accredited by the Engineer's Council for Professional Development, New York, and provided they have actually been taken after a full 4 years' course of studies in such Institutions and after at least 4 years' experience in practical Engineering.

FORM 'A-1'

Roll No.

The candidate is required to fill in the form neatly and legibly either in English or in Urdu.

To reach in the Chairman's Office before

The Examination begins on Examination for the Certificates of Competency under the Indian Boilers Act, 1923.

To

THE CHAIRMAN,
BOARD OF EXAMINING ENGINEERS.
SIMLA.

Sir,

I request permission to present myself at the next examination for Class Certificates of Competency issued by the Board. The fee of Rs. and the required certificates and particulars are forwarded herewith.

I have, etc.,

Station.....
The.....195

(a) Particulars to be filled in by the candidate:—

1. Name in full.....
2. Father's name.....
3. Present address (stating Town, Street, etc.).....

Date of Birth

4. Date.....
5. Month.....
6. Year.....

Where Born

7. Town.....
8. Country.....

(b) Particulars of all previous certificates, if any, under Boiler Act whether British or otherwise:—

9. Number.....
10. Competency or service.....
11. Grade.....
12. Where issued.....
13. Date of issue.....
14. If at any time suspended or cancelled, state by what court and authority.....
15. Date.....
16. Cause.....

(c) Certificate now required:—

17. Grade.....
18. Competency.....
19. Full present address to which it may be sent.....

(d) If the applicant has failed in any previous examination for the certificate now required he must here state the date and place of each examination in which he has failed. If he has not failed, he must state so in writing across this division:—

20. Day.....
21. Month.....
22. Year.....
23. Station.....
24. Subject in which he failed.....

(e) Declaration to be made by applicant:—

Take Note.—Any person who makes, procures to be made or assists in making any false representation for the purpose of obtaining for himself or for any person, a certificate of competency will be criminally prosecuted.

I do hereby declare that the particulars contained in Divisions (a), (b), (c), (d) and (f) of the Form are correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the papers enumerated in Division (f) and submitted with this Form are true and genuine documents given and signed by the persons whose names respectively appear therein; and further that the copies or the said papers also submitted with this Form are true and correct copies thereof. I further declare that the statement (f) contains a true and correct account of the whole of my services without exception.

I make this declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Dated at.....this.....days of....., 195

Signed in presence— *Signature of Applicant.*

N.B.—Persons in Government service are to sign this declaration in the presence of the Gazetted Officer under whom they are serving. Other persons should sign in the presence of a Magistrate.

(f) List of testimonials and statement of service:—

25. Serial No.....
26. Date of each certificate.....
27. Name and designation of the person signing each testimonial.....
28. Place of service for which testimonial obtained.....
29. Rated capacity of boiler on which served.....
30. Style and name of Factory.....
31. Capacity in which served.....
32. Date of commencement of service.....
33. Year.....
34. Month.....

Service of Applicant

35. Days.....
36. Actual time served on boiler.....
37. Signature and designation of verifier.....
38. Remarks.....

Total Service.....

Time served for which certificates are now produced...

Note (1).—Verifier should be the same person in whose presence the applicant signs his declaration.

Service for which certificates are not produced will not be counted.

Note (2).—This part of the Form is meant for candidates for 1st and 2nd Certificate of Competency.

The candidate must show this Roll number for admission to the Examination room.

BOARD OF EXAMINING

Roll No.....
Date.....19
Admits.....
of the.....for.....Class
Certificate of Competency to be held on.....
The Examination shall commence each day at.....A.M.

Chairman.

DIRECTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

1. The doors will be opened each day half an hour before the time specified for the distribution of each paper. After the papers have been distributed no candidates can be admitted. No candidate is permitted to leave the room until the expiry of half an hour after the distribution of the paper.

2. A seat with a number will be allotted to each candidate. Candidates will be required to find out and occupy their allotted seats.

3. The order in which the candidates are seated will be forwarded to the Examiners. Should a candidate be discovered to have copied from another he will be excluded from the Examination as well as the candidate from whom he copied, if there is reason to suppose that the copying was connived at by the latter.

4. No candidate, without the special permission of the Officer-in-Charge shall leave his seat or the Examination-room until the end of the Examination. No candidate is to speak without permission; if it be necessary for the candidate to communicate with the Superintendent, he shall stand up in his place, and the Officer-in-Charge will see to his wants.

5. Before beginning his answers, each candidate shall write on outside of his answer-book of the following, viz., the subject, the number of the paper and his Roll number. When the time allowed has expired, this book must be delivered up to the Superintendent, even though candidate may not have answered any part of the paper.

6. All candidates are required to provide their own pens. Answers shall be written in the books supplied to the candidates and on one side only of the paper. No candidate shall tear a leaf out of an answer-book.

7. No candidate is to bring into the Examination-room books, paper or reference of any kind; a candidate found with any of these in his possession will be expelled. Blotting paper will be supplied. No paper of any kind, except the question paper, is to be removed from the Examination-room.

8. Any candidate detected in giving or receiving assistance, in bringing papers, books or notes into the Examination-room, or in using, or attempting to use, any other unfair means in connection with the Examination shall be expelled from the Examination-room and disqualified not only from passing the Examination, but also from appearing at any future Examinations of the Board; subject to any other penalties which the Board may consider proper to impose: Provided that on the expiry of two years the Board may, in special cases, exempt a candidate from the operation of this rule.

Candidates guilty of communicating, or attempting to communicate, with the Examiners with the object of

influencing them is the award of their marks, will be deemed to have used, or attempted to use unfair means within the first clause of his rules. Examiners are required to report at once to the Chairman any candidate guilty of such conduct.

FORM 'A-2'

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION
FIRST CLASS ENGINEER

CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

(Granted under the Indian Boilers Act, V of 1923)

No. of 19 ..

Mr., aged about years, at present residing at having satisfied the Board of Examiners appointed under the above Act of his competency to have charge of any boiler or boilers (with steam pipes) is granted under section 29(d) of the said Act this Certificate of Competency as a First Class Engineer.

Dated at Simla the day of 19 ..

Board of Examiners:		Chairman.
		Members.

DESCRIPTIVE ROLL

Height without shoes. feet. inches.
Approximate date of birth.
Marks.
Left Thumb Impression.
Signature.

FORM 'A-3'

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION
FIRST CLASS ENGINEER

EXCHANGE CERTIFICATE OF GOVERNMENT

(Granted under the Indian Boilers Act, V of 1923)

No. of 19 ..

WHEREAS Mr. Son of aged about years, residing at present at has proved to the satisfaction of the Board of Examiners that he is in possession of a Certificate No. of of Competency of the First Class Engineer granted to him under the Boilers Act, he is granted, under section 29 (d) of the above noted Act this Certificate of the 1st Class authorizing him to have charge or any boiler or boilers (with steam pipes).

Dated at Simla the day of 19 ..

Board of Examiners:		Chairman.
		Members.

DESCRIPTIVE ROLL

Height without shoes. feet. inches.
Approximate date of birth.
Marks.
Left Thumb Impression.
Signature.

FORM 'A-4'

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION

SECOND CLASS ENGINEER

CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

(Granted under the Indian Boilers Act, V of 1923)

No. of 19 ..

Mr., aged about years, at present residing at having satisfied the Board of Examiners appointed under the above Act of his competency to have charge of a boiler or boilers (with steam pipes) whose rated capacity does not exceed 1,600 square feet is granted under section 29 (d) of the said Act this Certificate of Competency as a Second Class Engineer

Dated at Simla, the day of 19 ..

Board of Examiners:		Chairman.
		Members.

DESCRIPTIVE ROLL

Height without shoes. feet. inches.
Approximate date of birth.
Marks.
Left Thumb Impression.
Signature.

FORM 'A-5'

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION
SECOND CLASS ENGINEER

EXCHANGE CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY

(Granted under the Indian Boilers Act, V of 1923)

No. of 19 ..

WHEREAS Mr., son of, aged about years, residing at present. has proved to the satisfaction of the Board of Examiners that he is in possession of a certificate No. competence of the Second Class. Engineer granted to him under Boiler Act, he is granted under section 29 (d) of the above noted Act this Certificate of second Class authorising him to have charge of any boiler of boilers (with steam pipes) whose rated capacity does not exceed 1,600 square feet.

Dated at Simla the day of 19 ..

Board of Examiners.		Chairman.
		Members.

DESCRIPTIVE ROLL

Height without shoes. feet. inches.
Approximate date of birth.
Marks.
Left Thumb Impression.
Signature.

FORM 'A-6'

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION
CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY FOR
THIRD CLASS ENGINEERS

(Granted under the Indian Boilers Act, V of 1923)

No. of 19 ..

Mr., son of, aged about years, at present residing at, has produced testimonials of good character,

sobriety and experience, and having given satisfactory answers to the question asked by the Board of Examiners, he is granted under the provisions of the Act, this certificate of competency, entitling him to hold charge of a boiler (with steam pipes) whose rated capacity does not exceed 55,500 square feet.

Dated at Simla, the of 19 ..

Board of Examiners.		Chairman.
		Members.

DESCRIPTIVE ROLL

Height without shoesfeetinches.
Approximate date of birth.....
Marks.....
Left Thumb Impression.
Signature.....

FORM A-7

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION PROVISIONAL CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY OF..... CLASS.

Granted under the Indian Boilers Act, V of 1923

No..... of 19 ..

....., son of..... aged
about..... at present residing at.....
..... fulfils condition..... of rule
framed under the above-mentioned Act and is granted
this Provisional Certificate of..... Class
valid upto.....

Dated Simla, the.....

Chairman,
Board of Examining Engineers.

By order,
RAJ KUMAR, I.A.S.,
Secretary.

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla-4, the 22nd August, 1958

No. D. 108-38/52-II.—In partial modification of Notification No. D. 108-38/52-II, dated the 14th August, 1958, the following revised postings and transfers of Block Development Officers in Himachal Pradesh are hereby ordered:—

Name of the Block Development Officer.	From	To
1. Shri M. K. H. Dave	Ghumarwin.	Kunihar.
2. Shri Y. R. Mahajan	Jogindernagar	Theog.

By order,
RAJ KUMAR, I.A.S.,
Secretary.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla-4, the 22nd August, 1958

No. R. 22-344/57.—In modification of this Administration Notification of even number, dated the 5th July, 1958, Shri B. L. Budhrāja, Land Acquisition Officer, Bilaspur, is sanctioned 27 days earned leave with effect from 21st July, 1958, instead of from 14th July, 1958, with permission to prefix and affix Sundays falling on 20th July and 17th August, 1958.

Simla-4, the 23rd August, 1958

No. R. 22-692/57.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, that the land is required to be taken by the Government at public expense for a public purpose, namely for construction of Mandi-Sarkaghat Road, via Rewalsar, it is hereby declared that the land described in the specification below is required for the above purpose.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and under the provisions of section 7 of the said Act, the Collector, Land Acquisition, Himachal Pradesh, P.W.D., is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector, Land Acquisition, Himachal Pradesh, P.W.D., Mandi district, Mandi.

SPECIFICATION

District: MANDI		Tehsil: SADAR		
Village 1	Khasra No. 2	Area		
		Big.	Bis.	Bisw.
TRAMB	104/1	5	19	4
	106/1	0	3	3
	1/1	0	11	6
	119/2/1	4	5	2
	137/3/1	0	8	8
	4	0	2	14
	5/1	3	1	18
	6/1	3	5	2
	11/1	1	8	13
	105/1	2	1	4
Total		..	21	6 14

Simla-4, the 23rd August, 1958

No. R. 24-44/58.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, that the land is required to be taken by the Government at public expense for a public purpose, namely for the construction of Hindustan-Tibet Road, it is hereby declared that the land described in the specification below is required for the above purpose.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and under the provisions of section 7 of the said Act, the Collector Land Acquisition, Himachal Pradesh, P.W.D., is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the Collector, Land Acquisition, Himachal Pradesh, P.W.D., Balqually, Simla-4.

SPECIFICATION

District: MAHASU		Tehsil: THEOG		
Village 1	Khasra No. 2	Area		
		Big.	Bis.	
KACHHI	188/146/1	1	12	
	140/1	0	12	
	141	1	0	
	198/171/1	0	13	
	173/1	3	3	
	172/1	3	16	
	176/1	9	19	
Total		..	20	15

Simla-4, the 23rd August, 1958

No. R. 24-737/58.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, that land is likely to be required to be taken by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for the establishment of Agricultural Research Station at

Solan, it is hereby notified that the land in the locality described below is likely to be required for the above purpose.

2. This Notification is made under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as applied to Himachal Pradesh to all whom it may concern.

3. In exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Lieutenant Governor, is pleased to authorise the Officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking with their servants and workmen to enter upon and survey any land in the locality and do all other required or permitted by that section.

4. Any person interested who has any objection to the acquisition of any land in the locality may, within thirty days of the publication of this Notification file an objection in writing before the Collector, Mahasu district, Kasumpti.

SPECIFICATION

District: MAHASU

Tehsil: SOLAN

Khasra No. 1	Area Big. Bis.		1	2	3
	2	3			
			543/190	2	8
			194	1	3
Village: BER			164	1	10
112	0	10	124	1	12
154	1	5	593/159	2	8
165	0	14	123	0	13
186	0	12	183	0	15
155	0	18	193	1	17
173	3	11	179	1	6
178	2	8	188	0	19
185	3	19	542/190	0	11
189	1	14	121	1	6
119	2	1	152	0	19
170	0	12	581/161	0	9
174	0	16	582/161	1	7
181	2	0	108	1	7
162	1	9	166	1	8
122	2	17	187	0	14
160	1	13	594/159	0	8
180	2	0	537/182	0	13
113	0	11	126	0	6
120	0	19	175	1	8
125	0	19	172	2	14
127	0	9	177	0	17
153	0	17	112	0	5
565/168	3	2	117	1	0
116	0	11			
184	1	18	Total	72	10
114	1	6			
163	0	13			
536/182	0	10			
115	1	8			

By Order,
K. R. CHANDEL,
Under Secretary.

SOCIAL WELFARE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla-4, the 20th August, 1958

No. W. 118-14/57.—In partial modification of the Administration's Notification of even number, dated

the 5th April, 1957, consequent upon the appointment of Shri Raj Kumar, I.A.S., as Development Commissioner, Himachal Pradesh, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to nominate him (Shri Raj Kumar) as an *ex-officio* Member of the Himachal Pradesh, State Social Welfare Advisory Board with immediate effect in place of Shri A. B. Malik, I.A.S.,

THAKUR SEN NEGI,
Secretary.

Simla-4, the 22nd August, 1958

No. W. 27-238/57.—In accordance with the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs letter No. 8/2/58-SCT. IV, dated the 9th July, 1958, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to constitute a Tribal Advisory Committee for Himachal Pradesh with a view to advise the Administration in matters relating to the welfare of Scheduled Tribes and development of Scheduled areas, as follows:—

1. Lieutenant Governor Chairman.
2. Chief Secretary Vice-Chairman.
3. Secretary Planning and Development-cum-Development Commissioner. Member.
4. Secretary Social Welfare Department. Member.
5. Director, Social Welfare Member and *ex-officio* Secretary.
6. Shri Dharam Dev Shastri, Organising Secretary, Bhartiya Adimjati Sewak Sangh, Kingsway, Delhi-9. Member.
7. Members of Parliament concerned with Mahasu district and Chamba district. Members.
8. Members of Territorial Council representing the constituencies of the tribal areas of Chini, Bharmour and Pangi. Members.
9. Member (only one) of the Territorial Council from a constituency with a sufficiently large population of Gujjars (to begin with Shri Chatar Singh, Member Territorial Council from Chamba will be the member on this account). Member.

2. The Committee will normally meet once in the year. However, the Chairman may call for a meeting as often as he considers it necessary.

3. The Committee will be purely advisory. It will discuss measures for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes and make recommendations for the consideration of the Administration.

4. Under the direction of the Chairman, the Secretary will draw up the agenda and take all other routine action in connection with the meetings of the Committee.

K. N. CHANNA, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary.

भाग 2—वैधानिक नियमों को छोड़ कर विभिन्न विभागों के अध्यक्षों और जिला मैजिस्ट्रेटों द्वारा अधिसूचनाएं इत्यादि

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR, CHAMBA DISTRICT, CHAMBA

NOTIFICATION UNDER RULE 3 OF THE CENTRAL SALES TAX (UNION TERRITORIES) RULES. 1957

Chamba, the 14th August, 1958

In exercise of my powers under Rule 3 of the Central Sales Tax (Union Territories) Rules, 1957, I, R. C. Pal Singh, Collector of Chamba district hereby notify that the following dealers have been registered under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 in Chamba district.

A list of names and address of the registered dealers together with a description of goods covered by their certificate of registration in Chamba district under the Central Sale Tax Act, 1956.

(AS IT STANDS ON 1-7-1958)

Sl. No.	Name of the Registered dealer	No. of the certificate of registration	Description of goods covered by the certificate of Registration
1	2	3	4
1.	M/s. Ramesh Motors Banikhet, Tehsil Bhattiyat, (Himachal Pradesh).	000072	Motor Vehicles, Motor Chasis, Motor parts, Engines and Parts.
2.	Hill Traders, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh)	000221	Sugar, Vanaspati Ghee, Desi Ghee, Kerosene oil, Gur, Shira, Shakkar and Karyana goods.
3.	M/s. Des Raj Balwant Raj, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000222	Sugar, Ghee Desi, Oil, Kerosene Oil, Gur, Shira, Shakkar, Tobacco and Karyana goods.
4.	M/s. Gauri Shankar Surinder Pal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000223	Sugar, Ghee Desi, Oil, Kerosene Oil, Gur, Shira, Shakkar, Tobacco and Karyana goods.
5.	Pt. Chajju Ram & Sons, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000224	Sugar, Ghee Desi, Oil, Kerosin Oil, Gur, Shira, Shakkar, Tobacco and Karyana goods.
6.	M/s. Sanghi Ram Charan Dass, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh.)	000225	Sugar, Oils, Soaps, Gur, Shakkar, Tea, Wheat flour, Karyana goods, Dyes, Warnish and Paints.
7.	M/s. Baboo Ram Sham Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000226	Ghee, Sugar, Wheat flour, Oils, Rices, Tea, Soaps, Onion and Karyana goods.
8.	M/s. Sukh Dyal & Sons, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000227	Medicines, General merchandise goods, Provision goods, Building material, Crockery and Electric goods.
9.	M/s. Puran Chand Jai Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000228	Sugar, Ghee, Kerosene Oil, Gur, Shira, Shakkar, Tobacco and Karyana goods.
10.	M/s. Chamba district Co-operative Feferation Ltd. Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000229	Cloth, Salt, Rock salt, Iron and Steel, Foodgrains, Sundry goods and Agriculture Tools and implements.
11.	M/s. Raj Mal Madan Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000230	Sugar and its products.
12.	M/s. Raghubir Dass Anant Ram, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000231	Cloth, Umbrellas, Zenith and Juky Sewing machines.
13.	Shri Yash Pal Sood, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000232	Sugar, Gur, Sarson Oil, Flour, Grams, Food Grains, Sundry goods, Coconut Vana spati Ghee, Tobacco and Karyana Goods.
14.	M/s. Kumar Brothers, Chamba (Himachal Pradesh).	000233	Sugar, Iron goods, Kerosene Oil, Country Oils, Gur and Karyana goods.
15.	M/s. Ram Kishan Surinder Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000234	Iron, Sugar, Ghee, Country Oil, Shira, Kerosene Oil, Gur, Cloth and Karyana goods.
16.	M/s. Kanshi Ram Labhu Ram, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000235	Cotton, Silken and Woollen Cloth, Gold, Silver, Banarsi Gota.
17.	Shri Balwant Singh Usha Machines Agent, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000236	Sewing machines and its spare parts, Electric goods and tailoring accessories.
18.	The Himachal Trading Co., Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000238	Cloth only.
19.	M/s. Shiv Kumar and Sons, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000239	Sugar, Gur, Sarson Oil, Flour, Grams, Food Grains, and Sundry Goods.
20.	M/s. Dasi Mal Sant Ram, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000240	Karyana Goods.
21.	M/s. Karam Chand Madan Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000241	Karyana goods.
22.	M/s. Bankunthu Mal Beli Ram, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000242	Ghee, Sugar, Kerosene Oil, Country Oil and Karyana goods.
23.	M/s. Karam, Chand Muni Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000243	Karyana goods.
24.	M/s. Sat Pal Mehra & Sons, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000244	Sugar, Country Oil, Kerosene Oil, Ghee, Matches and Karyana goods.
25.	M/s. Kanth Chawfla & Sons, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000245	Medicines, Toilet goods, Photo goods, Provisions Arms and Ammunitions, Stationery, Paints, Crockery, Sports goods, Cigarettes, Matches, Explosives, Electric goods, Spirit Acids and Cement.
26.	Irawati Industries, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000246	Shawls and other woollen goods.
27.	M/s. Jantu Mal Sansar Chand, Mahajan Saraul, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000247	Karyana and Miniari goods, and Iron.
28.	M/s. Lakhu Mal Tej Ram, village Saraul, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000248	Cloth, Karyana goods, Iron, Umbrellas and Miniari
29.	M/s. Amru Shah Sansar Chand, Mahajan Saraul, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000249	Silk, Cotton, Course Cloth etc. Yarn, Cotton.
30.	M/s. Amru Shah Amir Chand, Chamba town, (Himachal Pradesh).	000250	Cloth and Stationery.
31.	M/s. Nand Lal Tilak Raj, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000251	Sugar, Country Oil, Kerosene Oil, Gur, Shakkar, Shira, Tobacco and Karyana goods.
32.	M/s. Chet Ram Shankar Dass, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000252	Cloth and Sewing Machines.

1	2	3	4
33.	Shri Dharam Pal Mahajan, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000253	Utensils.
34.	M/s. Gian Chand Bishan Dass, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000254	Cloths.
35.	M/s. Gandu Mal Bansi Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh)	000255	Cloth and Herbs.
36.	The Rama Printing Press, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000265	Printing papers and Forms.
37.	M/s. Jai Kishan Dass Bishan Dass, V. Saluni P.P. Sundla, Tehsil Churah, District Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000397	Cloth, Karyana and Manyari goods Utensils and Iron.
38.	M/s. Churanji Lal Om Prakash, village Chalama P.C. Bakloh, Tehsil Bhattiyat District Chamba (Himachal Pradesh)	000400	Cloth only.
39.	M/s. Durga Dutt Satya Parkash, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000452	Ghee, Oil, Sugar, Gur, Karyana goods, Food grains, Condiments, Tobacco and Salt.
40.	M/s. Kishori Lal Devinder Nath, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000453	Ghee, Oil, Karyana goods, Sugar, Foodgrains, Condiments, Tobacco and Salt.
41.	M/s. Jai Ram Hans Raj, Chamba town (Himachal Pradesh).		
42.	M/s. B. R. Hem Raj Sharma and Sons P.O. Chawari, Tehsil Bhattiyat, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000456	General merchandise goods, Stationery and medicines other than drugs, Sewing machines.
43.	M/s. Sham Lal Dharam Pal, Chamba town (Himachal Pradesh).	000457	Cloth, Umbrellas, Gold and Silver.
44.	M/s. Beli Ram Shiv Kumar, Chamba town, (Himachal Pradesh).	000458	Karyana goods. Iron, Soaps, Colours, Tea and Ghee.
45.	M/s. Ved Mitra Banarsi Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000459	Brass, Copper, Aluminium, Utensils and Hardware.
46.	M/s. Anand Kumar Mahajan and Sons V. Sultanpura, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000460	Karyana goods only.
47.	M/s. Partap General Stores, Chamba town, (Himachal Pradesh).	000461	Building material, Hosiery, Umbrellas, Crockery, Cutlery, Oils, Soaps, Electric goods, Biscuits, Holdales, Attachicases, Sports goods, Tinned Stuff, Squashes, Syrups, Pickles, Jams, Chatnies, Stationery, Glassware, Hardware, Boot, Furniture articles, Bags, (Canwas Leather) and Toilet.
48.	Shri Piyara Singh, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000462	Cloth only.
49.	M/s. Krishan Lal Sant Ram (M/s. Frontier General Store), Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000463	General merchandise goods, Leather goods, Crockery, Iron, Steel, Trunks, Paints and Toys.
50.	M/s. Hans Raj Charan Dass, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000464	Sugar, Ghee, Oil, Oil seeds, and Karyana goods.
51.	Shri Kidar Nath Sharma, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000476	Cloth and Ghee.
52.	M/s. Gopal Dass & Sons, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh)	000477	Sugar, Oil, Gur, Karyana and Miniyari goods.
53.	M/s. Sher Singh Karam Chand, Chamba, town (Himachal Pradesh).	000478	Cigarettes only.
54.	Dr. Gian Chand's Dispensary, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000479	Medicines only.
55.	Shri Kaka Ram, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000480	Cloths and Umbrellas.
56.	M/s. Bulan Mal Prem Nath, Chamba (Himachal Pradesh).	000530	Karyana goods, M. Oil, Gur, Sugar, Ghee, Wheat and Pulses.
57.	M/s. Hoshnak Mal Sant Ram, Cloth merchants, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000534	Cotton, Silken and Woollen Cloth Wool and Hosiery goods.
58.	M/s. Nihal Chand Ditto Mal P.O. Chawari, Chamba district, (Himachal Pradesh).	000586	Cotton, woollen and Silken Cloth, Karyana goods, Kerosene Oil, Sugar, Gur, Soap, M. Oil, Pulses, Tobacco, Salt, Dry, Fruits, Condiments, Utensils and General Merchandise goods.
59.	M/s. Gulzari Lal Jugal Kishore. Ghatasni Bazar, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000587	Cotton, Woollen and Silken Cloth, Karyana goods, Ghur, Sugar, Pulses, Rice, Atta (Wheat) Cigarettes, Tobacco and General Merchandise goods.
60.	M/s. Kanshi Ram, Ram Rakha Mal, Chamba town, (Himachal Pradesh).	000775	Cloth.
61.	M/s. Gian Chand Yash Pal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000776	Utensils and Ironware.
62.	M/s. Nand Lal Tirath Ram, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000777	Karyana goods, Foodgrains, Gur, Vegetables, Oils, Ghee, Sugar, Sheera, Salt, Cotton yarn, Sutli, Potato, Daroo, Tobacco and Cigarettes.
63.	M/s. Sawan Mal Babu Ram, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000778	Cloth.
64.	M/s. Wadhawa Mal Hari Chand Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000779	Sundry, Karyana goods, Foodgrains.
65.	M/s. Amar Nath Jagdish Raj, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	000780	Cloth.

1	2	3	4
66.	Shri Ram Parkash Sharma, Chamba. (Himachal Pradesh).	000800	Sugar, Ghee, M. Oil, K. Oil, Gur, Tobacco and Karyana goods.
67.	M/s. Naresh Chander Ohri and Brothers Chamba. (Himachal Pradesh).	001301	Medicines, Stationery, Radios, Electric goods, Hosiery, Toilet goods, Hardware, Paints and Colours, Methylated Spirit, Biscuits and Tin Fruits.
68.	M/s. Munshi Ram Karam Chand, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001303	Karyana, Gur, Sugar and Oil.
69.	M/s. Puran Chand Inder Kumar, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001304	Ghee Dalda, Banaspati.
70.	M/s. Hira Lal Hoshiar Chand Chamba town, (Himachal Pradesh).	001305	Cloth, Hardware and Brassware.
71.	Shri Rattan Chand Mahajan, Kahira, Chamba district, (Himachal Pradesh).	001306	Karyana.
72.	M/s. Bal Krishan Shyam Singh, Kakira, Chamba district, (Himachal Pradesh).	001307	Cloth of every design, Utensils, Threads, Umbrellas, Shoes.
73.	L. Het Ram & Sons, Ghatasni, Chamba district, (Himachal Pradesh).	001308	Cloth (Cotton, Woolen and Silken) Foodgrains, and Pulses, Tobacco, Kerosene Oil, Gur and Sugar, Crockery.
74.	M/s. Durga Dass Jagan Nath, Chamba town, (Himachal Pradesh).	001310	Karyana, Pulses, Oils, Vanaspati Groundnut, Sugar and Gur.
75.	M/s. Uttam Singh Jai Singh, Sultanpura, Chamba Town, (Himachal Pradesh).	001311	Karyana, Sugar, Gur, Molasses, Groundnut, Oils, Vanaspati and Cott.
76.	The District Industries, Officer, Chamba district, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001313	Wool, Woollen and Cotton Yarn, Spinning and Weaving accessories, Weaving Machinery and Spare parts, Dyes and Chemicals and Utensils, Dying equipment and accessories, Fishing Chemicals, Chrome Leather and Raw hides, Sheep and Goat Skins, Tools Chemicals and equipments, Sewing Machines with special attachments, Bars and Allied equipments, Carpentry Machinery and Tools and Equipments.
77.	M/s. Hari Saran Ram Charan, Churi, Chamba district, (Himachal Pradesh).		Sugar, Ghee, Utensils. Gur, Salt, Karyana, Pulses.
78.	Shri Satya Pal L-2, licensee, Chamba. (Himachal Pradesh)	001315	Imported liquor and Indian Made Foreign liquor.
79.	M/s. Amar Nath Janak Raj. Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001316	Manyari, Stationery, Sports material, Umbrellas, Crockery, Soaps Wool, Locks Batteries, Biscuits, Sweets, Birth Control material conuatics, Toys, Glass Bangles, Rubber bangles, Bags and Cotton and Silken handkerchief.
80.	Shri Tilok sons XXX Traders, Chamba, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001417	Liquor, bottles, corks, labels, papers.
81.	M/s. Atma Ram Kishori Lal, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001318	Karyana, Gur, Oil, Oilseeds, Dry fruits, Sugar, Sugar Products, Munyari, Tobacco, Foodgrains.
82.	M/s. Jagat Ram Mool Chand Pargana Rajnagar district, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001319	Karyana, Gur, Oil, Oil seeds, Sugar, Dry Fruits, Sugar, Sugar products. Manyari, Foodrgains, Tobacco.
83.	Shri Saligram Chamba town (Himachal Pradesh).	001320	Karyana, Salt, Trangar, Flour, Pulses, Vegetables, Kerosene Oil, Mustard Oil and Sugar.
84.	M/s. Sardari Lal Naresh Kumar Chamba town (Himachal Pradesh).	001321	Rice, Salt, Karyana.
85.	Shri Rajinder Lal Proprietor, Lakshmi Store Chamba. (Himachal Pradesh).	001322	Medicines, Biscuits, Stationery, Electric goods.
86.	M/s. Universal Radio and Electric Copy, Chamba, (Himachal Pradesh).	001323	Radios, Radio repair accessories.
87.	M/s. Mehar Singh Over Nath, Chamba. (Himachal Pradesh).	001324	Vegetables, Oils. Karyana, Oil, Tin, Iron and its products, Gur, Dyes, Sugar products, Cigarettes.

R. C. PAL SINGH.
Collector.

OFFICE OF THE DIVISIONAL FOREST OFFICER
UPPER BUSHAHR FOREST DIVISION

NOTIFICATION

Rampur, the 31st July, 1958/9 Sravana, 1880

No. 171-32/881.—In exercise of the Powers vested in me under Rule 9 of Satluj River Rules notified under Himachal Pradesh Government Notification No. 29-256/48, dated the 12th July, 1949, the following rates of the fees for Launching and Floating of Timber in Satluj River with in the Territory of Himachal Pradesh are fixed for the ending 30th of June, 1959:—

(i) Logs of all kinds with a minimum girth of 2'-6" and minimum length of 6' .. Re. 0.12 each

- (ii) Broad gauge sleepers large scantlings and other sleepers of more than 3 cft. in volume .. Re. 0.06 each
- (iii) Smaller scantlings of all kinds and oars 3 cft. and below .. Re. 0.02 each
- (iv) Fire wood scarps .. Re. 0.25 per hundred Mds.
- (v) Bamboos .. Re. 0.25 per hundred
- (vi) Quarter rates are to be charged for logs of all kinds with a girth of less than 2'-6" and length of more than 6' and also for logs of less than 6' in length but more than 2'-6" in girth.

(vii) Broad gauge sleepers, larger scantlings, smaller scantlings of all kinds and oars to be collected through the Punjab Irrigation Department with the help of the Motor Launch in the Gobind Sagar.

As may be charged by the Punjab Irrigation Department.

of timber within the jurisdiction of Jubbal Forest Division, Himachal Pradesh, are fixed for the year ending 30th June, 1959:—

- | | |
|--|----------------------------|
| (i) Logs of all kinds with a minimum girth of 2'-6" and minimum length of 6' | 12 nP. each. |
| (ii) Broad gauge sleepers and larger scantlings of all kind | 6 nP. each. |
| (iii) Smaller scantlings of all kinds and oars. | 2 nP. each. |
| (iv) Firewood scraps | 25 nP. per hundred maunds. |
| (v) Bamboos | 25 nP. per hundred. |
| (vi) Quarter rates are to be charged for logs of all kinds with a girth of less than 2'-6" and length of more than 6' and also for the logs of less than 6' in length, but more than 2'-6" in girth. | |

B. S. PARMAR,
Divisional Forest Officer.

**OFFICE OF THE DIVISIONAL FOREST OFFICER
JUBBAL FOREST DIVISION, CHOPAL**

NOTIFICATION

Chopal, the 11th August, 1958/20 Shrawana, 1880

No. C. XIII. 1/808/G.—In exercise of the powers vested in me under rule 9 of the Pabar, Tons and Yamuna River Rules, notified under Himachal Pradesh Government Notification No. Ft. 43-107/49, dated the 12th October, 1955, the following rates of fees for launching and floating

Sd./—
Divisional Forest Officer.

भाग 3—वैधानिक नियम तथा हिमाचल प्रदेश के उप-राज्यपाल, जुडिशल कमिशनरज कोर्ट, फाइनेन्शल कमिशनर, कमिशनर आफ इन्कम-टैक्स तथा क्षेत्रीय परिषद् द्वारा अधिमूर्चित आदेश इत्यादि

शून्य

भाग 4—स्थानीय स्वायत्त शासन : म्युनिसिपल बोर्ड, डिस्ट्रिक्ट बोर्ड, नोटिफाइड ग्राम टाउन एरिया तथा पंचायत विभाग

शून्य

भाग 5—वैयक्तिक अधिमूर्चनाएं और विज्ञापन

ग्रज न्यायालय श्री नरसिंह दास गुप्ता, एम० ए०, एल एल० बी०,
ऐडीशनल सब-जज, मंडी, जिला मंडी (हिमाचल प्रदेश)
मिसल नं० 285 मरजूआ 27-11-57

श्री अर्जुन दास पुत्र नानक चन्द, जाति कुम्हार, निवासी भौर, तहसील सुन्दरनगर (मुकेत), कायम मुकाम नानक चन्द मुतवफी,वादी

बनाम

श्री बाला पुत्र गोबिन्द, जाति लवाणा, निवासी भौर, तहसील सुन्दरनगर आदिप्रतिवादीगण

दावा दिलापाने मु० 150-00

बनाम:—1. बाला (प्रतिवादी नं० 1) पुत्र गोबिन्द, जाति लवाणा, निवासी भौर, तहसील सुन्दर नगर (प्रतिवादी असल), 2. देवराज (प्रतिवादी नं० 3) पुत्र नानक चन्द, जाति कुम्हार,

निवासी भौर, तहसील सुन्दरनगर. (मुकेत). (तर्नावी प्रतिवादी)

उपरोक्त वाद में मद्रालन को रिपोर्ट तामील कुनिन्दा तथा शपथ-पत्र कादी से निश्चय हो गया है कि प्रतिवादी नं० 1 और 3 पर साधारण साधनों द्वारा तामील नहीं हो सकती। अतः इस विज्ञापन द्वारा उनको सूचित किया जाता है कि वे स्वयं या वकील द्वारा अपने वाद की परवा इम न्यायालय में दिनांक 5 मितम्बर, 1958/14 भाद्रपद, 1880 को उपस्थित होकर करें; अन्यथा उनके विपरीत कार्यवाही एक-पक्षीय व्यवहार में नाई जावेगी एवं निर्णय किया जावेगा।

आज्ञ तिथि 13 अगस्त, 1958/22 श्रावणा, 1880 को मेरे हस्ताक्षर तथा मुद्रा न्यायालय के प्रचलित किया गया।

नरसिंह दाम गुप्ता,
ऐडीशनल सब-जज।

भाग 6—भारतीय राजपत्र इत्यादि में से पुनः प्रकाशन

LAW DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Simla-4, the 5th June, 1958/15 Jyaishta, 1880

No. LR. 16-9/58.—The following Acts recently passed by the Parliament of India and already published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated the 13th May, 1958, and the 16th May, 1958, respectively, are hereby republished in the Himachal Pradesh Administration Gazette for the information of the general public:—

Assented to on 12-5-1958

THE APPROPRIATION (No. 3) ACT, 1958
(No. 14 of 1958)

AN
ACT

to provide for the authorisation of appropriation of moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of India to meet the amounts spent on certain services during the financial year ended on the 31st day of March, 1955, in excess of the amounts granted for those services and for that year.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 1958.

2. Issue of Rs. 3,04,68,929 out of the Consolidated Fund of India to meet certain excess expenditure for the year ended on the 31st March, 1955.—From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India, the sums specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of three crores, four lakhs, sixty-eight thousand, nine hundred and twenty-nine rupees shall be deemed to have been authorised to be paid and applied to meet the amount spent for defraying the charges in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule during the financial year ended on the 31st day of March, 1955, in excess of the amounts granted for those services and for that year.

3. Appropriation.—The sums deemed to have been authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India under this Act shall be deemed to have been appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the financial year ended on the 31st day of March, 1955.

THE SCHEDULE
(See sections 2 and 3)

1 No. of Vote	2 Services and purposes	3 Excess		
		Voted Portion	Charged Portion	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3	Commercial Intelligence and Statistics .	17,038		17,068
18	Archaeology	38,342		38,342
38	Miscellaneous Departments and Expenditure under the Ministry of Finance .	17,03,041	4,07,114	21,10,155
40	Miscellaneous Adjustments between the Union and State Governments . .	16,572		16,572
42	Pre-partition Payments		1,33,991	1,33,991
55	Police	11,12,082		11,12,082
64	Miscellaneous Departments and other Expenditure under the Ministry of Irrigation and Power	40,673		40,673
69	Civil Defence	853		853
104	Other Civil Works	2,59,32,048	2,90,792	2,62,22,840
124	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Food and Agriculture		7,76,353	7,76,353
	TOTAL	2,88,60,679	16,08,250	3,04,68,929

Received Assent on 15-5-1958

THE MINES AND MINERALS (REGULATION AND DEVELOPMENT) AMENDMENT ACT,

1958

(No. 15 of 1958)

AN

ACT

to amend the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957, for the purpose of exempting mining leases granted before the 25th day of October, 1949, in respect of coal from certain provisions of that Act in view of the importance of such leases in the context of coal production generally.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**—This Act may be called the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Amendment Act, 1958.

2. **Insertion of new section 30A in Act 67 of 1957.**—After section 30 of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957, the following section shall be inserted, and shall be deemed always to have been inserted, namely:—

“30A. **Special provisions relating to mining leases for coal granted before 25th October, 1949.**—Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 9 and of sub-section (1) of section 16 shall not apply to or in relation to mining leases granted before the 25th day of October, 1949, in respect of coal, but the Central Government, if it is satisfied that it is expedient so to do, may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that all or any of the said provisions (including any rules made under sections 13 and 18) shall apply to or in relation to such leases subject to such exceptions and modifications, if any, as may be specified in that or in any subsequent notification.”

Received Assent on 15-5-1958.

THE INDIAN OATHS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1958
(No. 16 of 1958)

AN

ACT

further to amend the Indian Oaths Act, 1873

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**—This Act may be called the Indian Oaths (Amendment) Act, 1958.

2. **Omission of section 16.**—Section 16 of the Indian Oaths Act 1873 (10 of 1873), shall be omitted.

Received Assent on 15-5-1958

THE HYDERABAD SECURITIES CONTRACTS
REGULATION (REPEAL) ACT, 1958

(No. 17 of 1958)

AN

ACT

to provide for the repeal of the Hyderabad Securities Contractors Regulation Act, 1353 Fasli (VII of 1353 Fasli).

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Ninth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**—This Act may be called the Hyderabad Securities Contracts Regulation (Repeal) Act, 1958.

2. **Repeal.**—On such day as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf, the Hyderabad Securities Contracts Regulation Act, 1353 Fasli (VII of 1353 Fasli) shall stand repealed.

LAKSHMAN DASS,
Assistant Secretary (Judicial).

भाग 7—भारतीय निर्वाचन-आयोग (Election Commission of India) की वैधानिक अधिसूचनाएं
तथा अन्य निर्वाचन सम्बन्धी अधिसूचनाएं
शून्य

Late Received

PART I

HIMACHAL PRADESH ADMINISTRATION

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

No. R. 24-560/58. Simla-4, the 28th August, 1958

RULES FOR THE ALLOTMENT OF PLOTS IN THE NEW BILASPUR TOWNSHIP

Whereas it is necessary to make rules for the allotment of plot/plots for the New Bilaspur Township, now, therefore, the Lieutenant Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to make and promulgate the following rules for the said purpose:—

1. Plot/Plots in the New Bilaspur Township will be available for allotment to all oustees desirous of acquiring the same.

2. The allotment of plot/plots shall be made by the Deputy Commissioner in the following order of priority:—

- (i) Bilaspur town oustees whose houses or shops or both or shop-cum-residences are situated below R.L. 1550'.
- (ii) Bilaspur town oustees other than those mentioned in (i).
- (iii) Ousteas from villages of Diara or Roura or Kosrian or from villages in which land has been or may be acquired for the construction of the New Township of Bilaspur.
- (iv) Bhakra-Dam Reservoir oustees of Bilaspur district.

EXPLANATION: "Oustee" for the purpose of these rules means a person who has been deprived of his house or shop or both or of his shop-cum-residence on account of land acquisition proceedings in connection with the Bhakra Dam Project and is entitled to compensation therefor, or a person who has been or may be deprived of his house or shop or both or of shop-cum-residence on account of land acquisition proceedings taken or hereafter to be taken for the construction of the New Township of Bilaspur and who is or may be entitled to compensation therefor and who has not been or cannot be allotted land for construction of his new house or shop or both or for shop-cum-residence elsewhere.

The terms, 'Administration', 'Deputy Commissioner' and 'Executive Engineer', for the purpose of these rules, mean the Lieutenant Governor of Himachal Pradesh, the Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur and the Executive Engineer, Incharge, New Bilaspur Township respectively.

3. Plot/Plots available for allotment comprise of residential, shop, and shop-cum-residence plots and these classifications appear in the site plans which are open for inspection in the office of the Deputy Commissioner.

4. The site plan of the plots can be had on payment of Re. 1 per set or 37 nP. per plan from the office of the Deputy Commissioner.

5. Applications for allotment of plot/plots by the oustees must be submitted in the prescribed form, as per specimen attached (Annexure 'A') within 30 days from the date of inviting the applications. Due publicity in respect of inviting applications will be made in the areas where the oustees are living, by beat of drum and by affixing notices on conspicuous places. Owners of shops/houses in the Bilaspur Town will be intimated by registered post also.

6. (i) Application form/forms must be accompanied by an earnest money amounting to 10% of the premium for plot/plots, applied for, subject to a minimum of Rs. 10 calculated to the nearest higher rupee, whichever is higher.

(ii) Rates for premium for various sizes of residential and shop plots will be as follows:—

Residential plots:

	Rs.
800 sq. ft.	70-00
950 sq. ft.	85-00
1,800 sq. ft.	168-75

Extra for corner plots:

800 sq. ft.	25-00
950 sq. ft.	29-00
1,800 sq. ft.	55-00

Plots for shops:

450 sq. ft.	200-00
-------------	--------

Extra for corner plots of shops:

450 sq. ft.	68-00
-------------	-------

Plots for shop-cum-residence:

900 sq. ft.	240-00
-------------	--------

Extra for corner plots:

900 sq. ft.	83-00
-------------	-------

7. Where there is only one applicant for a particular plot, the same shall be allotted to him at the basic premium prescribed in rule 6. Such an applicant will be issued, by registered A.D. post, at the address given in his application, an ALLOTMENT ORDER in the prescribed form as per specimen enclosed (Annexure 'B'). Within 30 days of the receipt of the Allotment Order, the allottee shall deposit into treasury the balance making up the full premium for the plot.

8. In case the amount of premium is not paid within 30 days of the receipt by the applicant of the Allotment Order, the allotment shall stand cancelled, the earnest money shall be forfeited to the Administration and the applicant shall have no claim for damages and the plot will be otherwise disposed of by the Deputy Commissioner, in accordance with these rules.

9. In case any applicant wants to withdraw his application, for a particular plot applied for, he can be allowed to do so before an allotment is made, in which case the earnest money already paid by him will be refunded to him after the deduction of Rs. 2 per plot in respect of which the application is withdrawn.

10. (i) In case there are more than one application for a particular plot/plots by persons belonging to the same category of oustees, as mentioned in Rule 1, the allotment of plot/plots shall be made by drawing a lot. The procedure to be followed after allotment shall be the same as prescribed in Rule 7.

(ii) Not more than one plot will ordinarily be allotted to an applicant.

EXPLANATION:]

(i) If an oustee owns one or more house, he shall be entitled to the allotment of one residential plot.

(ii) If an oustee owns a house/houses and a shop/shops, he shall be entitled to either one shop-cum-residence plot or one house plot and one shop plot measuring 450 sq. ft.

(iii) If an oustee owns a house but runs a shop which he has taken on rent, he will be entitled to either a shop-cum-residence plot measuring 90 sq. ft. or a house plot only.

(iv) If an oustee owns and runs a shop but does not own a house, he shall be entitled to the allotment of a shop measuring 450 sq. ft.

(iii) If an applicant desires to have more than one plot and if plots are available for allotment, the same shall be allotted on payment of full development charges unless his case is covered by Explanation II given in rule 10 (ii) above.

11. The allottee shall have to execute a deed of conveyance in respect of plot/plots allotted to him and shall have to bear and pay all expenses in respect of execution and registration of the deed of conveyance including stamp duty and registration fee payable therefor.

12. Construction on the allotted plot/plots must begin within six months of the allotment and completed within one year from the date of allotment. In case the construction is not started or not completed within the scheduled time, the plot/plots will revert to the Administration and the premium/premia paid will be forfeited, unless, for sufficient reasons, an express extension has been obtained from the Deputy Commissioner for commencement or completion, as the case may be.

13. The plot/plots shall only be used for the purpose for which they have been earmarked and no conversion of residential, shop and shop-cum-residence sites, one into other, shall be allowed.

14. No fragmentation of any plot will be permitted.

15. The building on the plot/plots allotted shall be constructed strictly in accordance with the bye-laws approved by the competent authority, to be designated by the Himachal Pradesh Administration.

16. (i) No transfer by an oustee of his right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of the shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon shall be valid or effective or enforceable, unless previous sanction for such transfer has been obtained by him from the Deputy Commissioner.

(ii) The Deputy Commissioner shall not give any sanction referred to in sub-rule (i) of this rule till after the expiry of one year from the date of allotment and also the period of extension, if any, mentioned in rule 12.

(iii) Whenever the Deputy Commissioner gives a sanction under sub-rule (i) of this rule the transferor, in the case of the first transfer, shall be liable to pay to the Administration the difference between the premium already paid by him and the full development cost of the plot/plots, as worked out by the Himachal Pradesh Administration. P. W. D., and the sanction shall not be effective until the difference has been so paid:

Provided that this sub-rule shall have no application in the case of a transfer of plot/plots allotted to a person on payment of full development cost.

(iv) The following kinds of transfers are exempted wholly from the operation of sub-rule (iii) of this rule, namely,—

(1) A gift by an oustee of his right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of the shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon and made in favour of his father, mother, father's mother, father's father, paternal uncle, paternal uncle's wife, son, grand-son, great grand-son, son's widow, grand son's widow, daughter, daughter's son, daughter's daughter, brother, brother's son, brother's son's son, son's daughter, son's daughter's son, son's daughter's daughter, sister, sister's son, sister's son's son, daughter's husband, sister's husband, paternal uncle's son, paternal uncle's son's son, brother's son's son.

(2) A gift by an oustee of his right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of the shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon and made purely for religious and/or charitable purposes.

(3) A sub-lease made by an oustee of his right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of the shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon and made in consideration of payment of periodical rent by the sub-lessee to the sub-lessor.

(4) An exchange by an oustee of his right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of the shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon and made in favour of another oustee in respect of that other oustee's right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of the shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon.

(5) A simple or usufructuary mortgage made by an oustee in respect of his right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of the shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon.

Provided that whenever the right, title or interest of the mortgagor-oustee is completely extinguished by sale or otherwise, the provisions contained in sub-rule (iii) of this rule shall become operative.

(v) All other kinds of transfers, not covered by sub-rule (iv) of this rule, will be deemed to be covered by sub-rule (iii) of this rule.

EXPLANATION 1.—Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (3) of sub-rule (iv) of this rule, a sub-lease in perpetuity will be deemed to be covered by sub-rule (iii) of this rule.

EXPLANATION 2.—The terms "sale", "mortgage", "simple mortgage", "usufructuary mortgage", "gift", "exchange", "lease", shall have the same meanings as have been assigned to them under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882.

(vi) When the sanction referred to in sub-rule (i) of this rule has been granted and the oustee has transferred his right, title or interest in the plot/plots allotted to him and/or of shop/house/shop-cum-residence standing thereon to the transferee, the transferor shall give notice in writing to the Deputy Commissioner about :

(a) the name/names of the transferor/transferees and his/their address/addresses,

(b) the name/names of the transferee/transferees, and his/their address/addresses,

(c) the date of execution of the deed of transfer, and in case of registered deed, the date, number, and place of registration,

(d) the nature and kind of transfer made and the consideration paid or received for the same, and furnish a copy of the deed of transfer, in the case of an unregistered deed, to the Deputy Commissioner.

17. Allotment of plot/plots to persons other than oustees may be made only in respect of such plot/plots as are left unallotted to the oustees but on payment of full development charges.

18. In case the conditions laid down in Rules 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 are not complied with, the plot/plots, the earnest money, premium and other charges already paid, shall be forfeited to the Administration.

19. The Government Grants Act, 1895, shall apply to all transfers of plots in the New Township. The plots will be leased for a period of 999 years, but the Administration reserves the right to revise the rent at intervals of 40 years. The rent payable shall be fixed by the Administration.

20. The terms and conditions of allotment mentioned in Rules 11 to 16 form the essence of allotment and shall have to be incorporated by the allottee in the deed of conveyance and the allotment shall not be operative, unless the deed is executed.

21. In addition to the terms and conditions mentioned in rules 11 to 16 of these Rules, the oustee/allottee shall also have to incorporate an arbitration agreement clause in the lease deed which he is required to execute. The

arbitration agreement clause shall be as follows:

"1. If any question of difference whatsoever shall at any time hereafter arise between the lessor and the lessee in any way touching or concerning this lease, or the construction, meaning, operation, or effect thereof or any clause therein contained or as to the rights or duties or liabilities of either party under or by virtue of this lease, or touching the subject-matter of the lease, or arising out of or in relation thereto, than the matter in difference shall be referred to the arbitration of the Judicial Secretary, Himachal Pradesh Administration who shall have power to decide any matter so referred, including the following questions:—

- (a) Whether the lease should be terminated and what are or will be the rights and obligations of the parties as a result of such termination?
- (b) Whether a transfer gives a right of recovery of full development costs or not?

2. The decision of the Arbitrator shall be final and binding and when any matter so referred to arbitration involves a claim for the award of a sum of money or any other payment or recovery of money, only the amount decided by the Arbitrator shall be recoverable in respect of the disputes so referred."

22. For the purposes of these rules, the words used in the masculine gender include the feminine gender, where the context so requires or unless the context requires otherwise.

Note:—A copy of the printed rules and application form (Annexure 'A') can be had from the Office of Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur district, or from the Manager, Himachal Pradesh Administration Press on payment of 25 nP. Printed application forms are obtainable from the Office of Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur district or from the Manager, Himachal Pradesh Administration Press on payment of 5 Naye Paise each.

ANNEXURE 'A'

APPLICATION FORM FOR ALLOTMENT OF PLOT/PLOTS IN NEW BILASPUR TOWNSHIP

1. Name (in block letters).
2. Parentage, caste and address.
3. Particulars of the House/Shop or shop-cum-residence acquired for the Bhakra Dam—
 - (i) Distinctive No. as given by the Evaluation Department.
 - (ii) Plinth Area.
 - (iii) Whether one storeyed or otherwise?
 - (iv) Whether living accommodation and business premises are combined?
 - (v) Whether held jointly or severally?
- (In the case of former please give names with whom held jointly).
4. Particulars of plot applied for—
 - (a) Whether in Diara/Roura/or Kosrian etc. etc.
 - (b) No. of the plot on the map.
 - (c) No./Nos. of alternative plot/plots in Diara/Roura/Kosrian etc. if plot indicated at (a)/(b) above is not allotted.
5. Amount of earnest money deposited Rs. ————

(Original) Treasury challan must be enclosed with this application in support.

Date.....

Signature of the Applicant.

I hereby solemnly affirm and declare that the particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and

belief and that I have made myself fully conversant with the rules and regulations for the allotment of plots in New Bilaspur Township which conditions I accept.

Date..... *Signature of the Applicant.*

I certify that the rules and conditions of allotment have been explained to the applicant and I am satisfied that he fully understands the implications of the allotment and that the declaration by the applicant was made and signed in my presence.

Signature of the Magistrate.

Note:—The declaration of solemn affirmation by the applicant shall be made before any Magistrate.

ANNEXURE 'B'

Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur
(Himachal Pradesh)

Dated, Bilaspur, (H.P.) the.....195

Registered A.D.

To

SUBJECT:—Allotment of Plots at New Bilaspur Township.

MEMORANDUM.

Reference your application dated.....195, for a plot No.....
Plot/Plots as detailed below has/have been allotted to you.

Diara, Roura or Kosrian	Plot No.	Approx. area in sq. ft.	Price of plot	Name of the allottee

The sum of Rs.....remitted by you as earnest money with your application will be adjusted against the premium of the plot.

You should remit the sum of Rs.....due on allotment within 30 days of the receipt of this allotment letter by crediting the same in the local Treasury in favour of the Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur (Himachal Pradesh) under head.....

In case the allotment is not acceptable to you, an intimation to this effect should be sent by registered post so as to reach this office within 15 days of the receipt by you of allotment letter, or 20 days from the date of issue of this letter, whichever is earlier.

The deed of conveyance can be executed by you personally or through your authenticated attorney recognizable under section 33 of the Indian Registration Act. In both the cases it will not be necessary for the executant to be present personally before the Deputy Commissioner. The deed can be executed at Bilaspur. The authority letter of possession will issue on receipt of the amount due on allotment. Possession can be taken by you personally or through an authorised representative.

Your attention is further invited to rules 11 to 16, and 20 of the Rules for the allotment of plots in the New Bilaspur Township and to your affirmation at the time of the presentation of the application for allotment of plot/plots to the Magistrate whereby it is clear that rules 11 to 16 form the essence of allotment and shall have to be incorporated by you in the deed of conveyance and the allotment shall not be operative unless the deed is executed and in the manner laid down in the Rules.

*Deputy Commissioner,
Bilaspur,
(Himachal Pradesh).*

By order,
K. N. CHANNA, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary.

DIRECTORATE OF ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS

BULLETIN OF AVERAGE WHOLESALE PRICES IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

No. DES. 117-89/56-XVII

Simla, Wednesday, the 27th August, 1958

No. 3. C.D.

All prices in rupees per standard maund of 82-2/7 lbs. (equivalent to 3,200 tolas)

Commodity Centre 1	Prices on		Commodity Centre 1	Prices on	
	8-8-58 2	15-8-58 3		8-8-58 2	15-8-58 3
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
A. FOODGRAINS:					
1. WHEAT (Ordinary) Per Maund—			Theog	36.00	36.00
Theog	17.50	17.50	Rampur	40.00	40.00
Rampur	23.75	23.75	Mandi	40.00	40.00
Solan	N.R.	15.00	Nahan	35.00	35.00
Chowari	20.00	20.00	Average	38.25	38.18
Nahan	16.50	16.50	10. MASH (Whole) Per Maund—		
Paonta	15.50	16.50	Bilaspur	30.00	30.00
Mandi	18.00	18.50	Chamba	25.00	25.00
Jogindernagar	16.50	N.R.	Kasumpti	28.00	28.00
Bilaspur	16.00	16.00	Theog	25.00	25.00
Average	17.75	17.86	Rampur	30.00	30.00
2. PADDY (Medium) Per Maund—			Mandi	25.00	25.00
Rampur	18.00	18.00	Nahan	23.00	22.50
Nahan	13.00	12.00	Paonta	25.00	25.00
Paonta	13.00	13.00	Average	26.44	26.38
Average	14.66	14.33	MASH DAL (Split and Washed)		
3. RICE (Coarse) Per Maund—			Per Maund—		
Kasumpti	30.00	30.00	Bilaspur	34.00	34.00
Theog	25.50	25.50	Chamba	36.00	36.00
Rampur	31.00	31.00	Kasumpti	35.00	35.00
Nahan	24.00	23.50	Theog	27.00	27.00
Paonta	24.00	24.00	Mandi	30.00	30.00
Chamba	25.00	25.00	Nahan	25.00	25.00
Mandi	25.00	25.00	Average	31.16	31.16
Sundernagar	21.00	21.00	11. MASURE (Whole) Per Maund—		
Average	25.75	25.72	Chamba	23.00	N.T.
4. GRAM (Small and Red Variety)			Kasumpti	N.T.	N.T.
Per Maund—			Rampur	18.00	18.00
Kasumpti	18.00	18.00	Theog	16.50	16.50
Rampur	22.50	22.50	Mandi	20.00	20.00
Nahan	14.25	14.00	Nahan	15.50	16.00
Paonta	14.50	14.00	Average	20.43	20.51*
Chamba	19.50	19.50	C. VEGETABLES AND SPICES:		
Chowari	18.00	18.00	12. POTATOES (Special) Per Maund—		
Mandi	17.50	17.50	Sarahan	9.50	9.50
Bilaspur	12.50	12.50	Nahan	12.00	13.00
Sundernagar	12.00	14.00	Paonta	U.V.	18.00
Average	16.59	16.73	Mandi	14.00	15.00
5. BARLEY Per Maund—			Average	12.76*	13.88
Rampur	18.00	18.00	POTATOES (Phul) Per Maund—		
Nahan	10.00	11.00	Sarahan	9.00	9.00
Mandi	15.00	15.00	Nahan	N.T.	N.T.
Sundernagar	10.00	10.00	Paonta	N.T.	N.T.
Average	13.25	13.50	Mandi	N.T.	N.T.
6. MAIZE (Red) Per Maund—			Average	11.50*	11.50*
Kasumpti	15.00	15.00	13. ONIONS (Dry) Per Maund—		
Theog	16.00	16.00	Chamba	10.00	10.00
Rampur	18.00	18.00	Kasumpti	9.00	9.00
Mandi	16.25	17.50	Theog	8.50	8.50
Nahan	N.T.	N.T.	Mandi	10.00	10.00
Paonta	13.00	13.00	Nahan	5.25	5.00
Average	15.37	15.58	Paonta	6.00	7.00
B. FOODGRAINS PRODUCTS AND PULSES:			Average	7.79	7.92
7. WHEAT ATTA (Water turbine made)			14. CHILLIES (Dry Dandicut)		
Per Maund—			Per Maund—		
Chamba	20.00	20.00	Kasumpti	160.00	160.00
Kasumpti	19.50	19.50	Rampur	130.00	130.00
Rampur	25.00	25.00	Mandi	100.00	100.00
Mandi	20.00	20.00	Nahan	95.00	95.00
Nahan	17.50	17.50	Average	121.15	121.15
Bilaspur	17.50	17.50	15. TURMERIC (Haldi Powdered)		
Average	19.92	19.92	Per Maund—		
8. GRAM DAL Per Maund—			Chamba	43.00	42.00
Bilaspur	17.00	17.00	Kasumpti	60.00	60.00
Chamba	21.00	21.00	Mandi	50.00	50.00
Chowari	19.00	19.00	Nahan	40.00	40.00
Kasumpti	22.00	22.00	Average	48.75	48.50
Rampur	25.00	25.00	16. GINGER (Adrak) Per Maund—		
Mandi	20.00	20.00	Chamba	29.00	29.00
Nahan	17.00	17.50	Nahan	N.T.	N.T.
Sundernagar	17.50	16.50	Mandi	N.T.	N.T.
Average	19.81	19.75	Average	24.50*	24.50*
9. MOONG (Whole) Per Maund—			D. PROVISIONS:		
Bilaspur	30.00	30.00	17. GUR (Sort II) Per Maund—		
Chamba	34.00	34.00	Kasumpti	25.00	25.00
Kasumpti	40.00	40.00	Theog	26.00	26.00
Theog	33.00	33.00	Mandi	20.00	20.00
Rampur	37.00	37.50	Chamba	25.00	25.00
Mandi	35.00	35.00	Nahan	25.00	25.00
Nahan	32.00	34.00	Paonta	25.00	26.00
Paonta	33.75	34.00	Average	24.25	24.42
Average	34.34	34.68	18. GHEE (Pure Desi) Per Maund—		
MOONG DAL (Split & Washed)			Kasumpti	240.00	240.00
Per Maund—			Mandi	210.00	210.00
Bilaspur	34.00	34.00	Chamba	185.00	185.00
Chamba	38.50	38.00	Nahan	195.00	190.00
Kasumpti	44.00	44.00	Bilaspur	240.00	240.00
			Average	214.00	213.00

Prices on

Commodity Centre 1	Prices on	
	8-8-58 2 Rs.	15-8-58 3 Rs.
19. TOBACCO (Country leaf) Per Maund—		
Solan	N.R.	55.00
Sarahan	63.00	60.00
Average	57.50	57.50
20. SALT (Sambar Salt) Per Maund—		
Kasumpti	5.00	5.00
Mandi	5.00	5.00
Chamba	5.50	5.50
Nahan	3.12	3.12
Bilaspur	5.00	5.00
Average	4.72	4.72
SALT (Rock Salt) Per Maund—		
Mandi	4.00	4.00
Average	4.00	4.00
21. EGGS (of hen) Per Dozen—		
Mandi	2.25	2.25
Chamba	2.25	2.25
Nahan	1.50	1.50
Bilaspur	2.25	2.25
Average	2.07	2.07
22. MILK COW (Un-boiled) Per Seer—		
Mandi	0.50	0.50
Chamba	0.75	0.75
Nahan	0.56	0.56
Average	0.60	0.60
23. MEAT (Goat) Per Seer—		
Mandi	1.75	1.75
Chamba	1.75	1.75
Nahan	2.00	2.00
Bilaspur	1.75	1.75
Average	1.81	1.81
24. TEA (Lipton) Per lb.—		
Mandi	2.75	2.75
Chamba	2.75	2.75
Bilaspur	2.71	2.71
Average	2.74	2.74
E. OILS AND OIL SEEDS:		
25. SARSON SEED (White) Per Maund—		
Mandi	33.00	35.00
Jogindernagar	35.00	N.R.
Nahan	29.50	29.00
Average	32.33	33.00*
26. SARSON SEED (Yellow) Per Maund—		
Rampur	22.00	22.00
Mandi	35.00	33.00
Jogindernagar	33.00	N.R.
Average	30.00	29.33*
27. GROUND NUT (Unshelled) Per Maund—		
Rampur	32.50	32.50
Mandi	20.00	20.00
Chamba	27.50	27.50
Average	26.67*	26.67
28. SARSON OIL (Kohlu extracted) Per Maund—		
Rampur	85.00	85.00
Mandi	80.00	80.00
Chamba	85.00	85.00
Nahan	77.00	76.00
Average	81.75	81.50
F. ANIMAL FEEDS:		
29. COTTON SEEDS (Desi Black) Per Maund—		
Mandi	18.00	18.00
Nahan	16.00	16.00
Bilaspur	17.00	17.00
Average	17.00	17.00
30. SARSON CAKE (Kohlu made) Per Maund—		
Kasumpti	18.50	18.50
Mandi	20.00	20.00
Nahan	13.25	12.00
Bilaspur	20.00	20.00
Average	17.82	17.51
31. WHEAT BRAN Per Maund—		
Kasumpti	11.00	11.00
Mandi	10.00	10.00
Sundernagar	11.00	11.00
Average	10.67	10.67
32. PADDY BRAN Per Maund—		
Mandi	N.T.	N.T.
Sundernagar	3.00	3.00
Average	2.75*	2.75*
G. INDUSTRIAL RAW MATERIALS:		
33. COTTON GINNED (Desi) Per Maund—		
Mandi	N.T.	N.T.
Bilaspur	75.00	75.00
Average	77.50*	77.50*
34. WOOL (Desi) Per Maund—		
Chamba	200.00	200.00
Average	200.00	200.00
35. TIMBER (Dayar) Per Cubic Foot—		
Mandi	9.00	9.00
Average	9.00	9.00
36. TIMBER (Kail) Per Cubic Foot—		
Mandi	6.50	6.50

Commodity Centre

Prices on

Commodity Centre 1	Prices on	
	8-8-58 2 Rs.	15-8-58 3 Rs.
Average	6.50	6.50
H. MANUFACTURES:		
37. COARSE CLOTH 20 Yards Piece—		
Mandi	15.00	15.00
Chamba	15.00	15.00
Nahan	20.00	20.00
Bilaspur	12.50	12.50
Average	15.63	15.63
37A. POPLIN 20 Yards Piece—		
Mandi	40.00	40.00
Chamba	27.00	27.00
Nahan	40.00	40.00
Bilaspur	30.00	30.00
Average	33.25	33.25
38. DHOTI Per Pair—		
Mandi	5.00	5.00
Chamba	8.37	8.37
Nahan	10.00	10.00
Bilaspur	12.00	12.00
Average	8.84	8.84
39. COTTON YARN Per 10 lbs.—		
Chamba	25.00	25.00
Nahan	12.00	12.00
Bilaspur	15.00	15.00
Average	17.33	17.33
40. GUNNY BAGS (B-Twills 2½ lb.) Per 100 Bags—		
Rampur	125.00	125.00
Mandi	100.00	100.00
Paonta	125.00	125.00
Sarahan	150.00	150.00
Bilaspur	125.00	125.00
Average	127.50	127.50
41. NAILS (Tata) Per Seer—		
Mandi	0.82	0.82
Nahan	0.75	0.75
Average	0.79	0.79
42. ROUND IRON Per Maund—		
Mandi	54.14	54.14
Nahan	35.00	35.00
Bilaspur	40.00	40.00
Average	43.05	43.05
43. KEROSENE OIL (Elephant Brand) tin of 24 Bottles—		
Mandi	9.50	9.50
Chamba	9.75	9.75
Nahan	6.50	6.50
Bilaspur	8.50	8.50
Average	9.07	9.07
44. CEMENT Per Bag—		
Mandi	8.80	8.80
Chamba	9.88	9.88
Nahan	7.25	7.25
Bilaspur	8.11	8.11
Average	8.51	8.51
45. PAPER FOOLSCAPE (10 lbs.) Per Ream—		
Mandi	8.50	8.50
Chamba	9.50	9.50
Nahan	10.25	10.25
Average	9.42	9.42
46. WASHING SOAP (Desi) Per Maund		
Kasumpti	60.00	60.00
Theog	50.00	50.00
Mandi	40.00	40.00
Chamba	50.00	50.00
Nahan	50.00	50.00
Average	50.00	50.00
I. MISCELLANEOUS:		
47. FIREWOOD Per Maund—		
Mandi	2.00	2.00
Chamba	2.00	2.00
Nahan	1.50	1.50
Bilaspur	2.50	2.50
Average	2.00	2.00
48. CHARCOAL Per Maund—		
Mandi	6.00	6.00
Chamba	5.00	5.00
Nahan	5.00	5.00
Bilaspur	8.00	8.00
Average	6.00	6.00
49. GOLD Per Tola—		
Mandi	104.00	104.00
Chamba	108.00	108.00
Average	106.00	106.00
50. SILVER Per 100 Tolas—		
Mandi	180.00	180.00
Chamba	194.00	194.00
Average	187.00	187.00

N.A. — Not Available.

N.Q. — Not Quoted.

N.R. — Not Received.

N.T. — No Transaction.

U.V. — Under Verification.

* — Estimated.

